drawn him safe to the green banks, where it was easy to st firmly, he had let himself be dragged back into mud and slim in which it was useless to struggle. He had made ties himself which robbed him of all wholesome motive, and were constant exasperation.

Still, there was one position worse than the present. It was position he would be in when the ugly secret was disclosed; a the desire that continually triumphed over every other was th of warding off the evil day when he would have to bear t consequences of his father's violent resentment for the wou inflicted on his family pride; would have, perhaps, to turn back on that hereditary ease and dignity which, after all, was sort of reason for living, and would carry with him the certain that he was banished forever from the sight and esteem of Nan Lammeter. The longer the interval, the more chance there w of deliverance from some, at least, of the hateful consequences which he had sold himself; the more opportunities remained f him to snatch the strange gratification of seeing Nancy, gathering some faint indications of her lingering regard. wards this gratification he was impelled fitfully, every now a then, after having passed weeks in which he had avoided her the far-off bright-winged prize, that only made him spring fif ward, and find his chain all the more galling. One of those of yearning was on him now, and it would have been stro enough to have persuaded him to trust Wildfire to Dunst rather than disappoint the yearning, even if he had not $h$ another reason for his disinclination towards the morrow's hui That other reason was the fact that the morning's meet was ne Batherley, the market town where the unhappy woman live whose image became more odious to him every day; and tol thought the whole vicinage ${ }^{1}$ was haunted by her. The yoke man creates for himself by wrongdoing will breed hate in t kindliest nature; and the good-humored, affectionate-heart Godfrey Cass was fast becoming a bitter man, visited by

[^0]ishes, that seemed to enter, and depart, and enter again, like deons who had found in him a ready-garnished home.
What was he to do this evening to pass the time? He might swell go to the Rainbow, and hear the talk about the cockfighting. Everybody was there, and what else was there to be lone? Though, for his own part, he did not care a button for cockfighting. Snuff, the brown spaniel, who had placed herelf in front of him, and had been watching him for some time, how jumped up in impatience for the expected caress. But Godfrey thrust her away without looking at her, and left the oom, followed humbly by the unresenting Snuff-perhaps because she saw no other career open to her.

## CHAPTER IV.

UNSTAN CASS, setting off in the raw morning, at the judiciously quiet pace of a man who is obliged to ride to over ${ }^{1}$ on his hunter, had to take his way along the lane which, at its farther extremity, passed by the piece of uninclosed ground alled the Stone Pits, where stood the cottage, once a stonecutter's hed, now for fifteen years inhabited by Silas Marner. The spot ooked very dreary at this season, with the moist trodden clay about it, and the red muddy water high up in the deserted quarry. That was Dunstan's first thought as he approached it; the second was that the old fool of a weaver, whose loom he heard rattling already, had a great deal of money hidden somewhere. How was it that he, Dunstan Cass, who had often heard talk of Marer's miserliness, had never thought of suggesting to Godfrey ${ }^{1}$ The place where the game was hidden. It was customary to cover up the earth holes of the fox the night before the hunt, thus obliging him to seek a temporary hiding place, or "cover," among the thickets of underbrush in the neighborhood.
the money on the excellent security of the young Squire's pr pects? The resource occurred to him now as so easy and agr able, especially as Marner's hoard was likely to be large enouf to leave Godfrey a handsome surplus beyond his immedia needs, and enable him to accommodate his faithful brother, th he had almost turned the horse's head towards home aga Godfrey would be ready enough to accept the suggestion; would snatch eagerly at a plan that might save him from part with Wildfire. But when Dunstan's meditation reached point, the inclination to go on grew strong and prevailed.
didn't want to give Godfrey that pleasure; he preferred Master Godfrey should be vexed. Moreover, Dunstan enjoy the self-important consciousness of having a horse to sell, a the opportunity of driving a bargain, swaggering, and, possib taking somebody in. ${ }^{1}$ He might have all the satisfaction atter ant on selling his brother's horse, and not the less have the f ther satisfaction of setting Godfrey to borrow Marner's mon So he rode on to cover.

Bryce and Keating were there, as Dunstan was quite sure th - would be-he was such a lucky fellow.
"Heyday," said Bryce, who had long had his eye on Wi fire, "you're on your brother's horse to-day; how's that?"
"Oh, I've swapped with him," said Dunstan, whose delight lying, grandly independent of utility, was not to be diminished the likelihood that his hearer would not believe him,-" Wi fire's mine now."
"What! has he swapped with you for that big-boned hack yours?" said Bryce, quite aware that he should get another in answer.
"Oh, there was a little account between us," said Dunst carelessly, " and Wildfire made it even. I accommodated by taking the horse, though it was against my will, for I'd got itch ${ }^{2}$ for a mare o' Jortin's, - as rare a bit $o^{\prime}$ blood as ever

[^1]ew your leg across. But I shall keep Wildfire, now I've got , though I'd a bid of a hundred and fifty for him the other from a man over at Flitton-he's buying for Lord Crom--a fellow with a cast in his eye, ${ }^{1}$ and a green waistcoat. I mean to stick to Wildfire; I sha'n't get a better at a fence hurry. The mare's got more blood, but she's a dit too weak the hind quarters."
Bryce of course divined that: Dunstan wanted to sell the horse,
d Dunstan knew that he divined it (horse dealing js only one many human transactions carried on in this ingenious man; and they both considered that the bargain was in its first ge, when Bryce replied ironically:
I wonder at that now; I wonder you mean to keep nim; for
ever heard of a man who didn't want to sell his horse, getting id of half as much again as the horse was worth. You'll be ky if you get a hundred."
Keating rode up now, and the transaction became more comcated. It ended in the purchase of the horse by Bryce for a ndred and twenty, ${ }^{2}$ to be paid on the delivery of Wildfire, safe A sound, at the Batherley stables. It did occur to Dunsey it it might be wise for him to give up the day's hunting, prod at once to Batherley, and, having waited for Bryce's return, e a horse to carry him home with the money in his pocket. the inclination for a run, encouraged by confidence in his , and by a draft of brandy from his pocket pistol ${ }^{3}$ at the clusion of the bargain, was not easy to overcome, especially $h$ a horse under him that would take ${ }^{4}$ the fences to the adation of the field. ${ }^{5}$ Dunstan, however, took one fence too ny, and "staked" his horse. His own ill-favored person, ich was quite unmarketable, escaped without injury, but poor Idfire, unconscious of his price, turned on his flank, and painy panted his last. It happened that Dunstan, a short time
"With a cast in his eye," i.e., squint-eyed.
A hundred and twenty pounds, equal now to about six hundred dollars. A dram flask for the pocket $\quad$ Leap 5 All the riders. U

[^2]before, having had to get down to arrange his stirrup, had mis memory to the fact that the two or three small coins his foretered a good many curses at this interruption, which had throinger encountered there were of too pale a color to cover that him in the rear of the hunt near the moment of glory, and un mall debt, without payment of which Jennings had declared he this exasperation had taken the fences more blindly. He wo vould never do any more business with Dunsey Cass. After all, soon have been up with the hounds again, when the fatal a ccording to the direction in which the run had brought him, dent happened; and hence he was between eager riders in e was not so very much farther from home than he was from vance, not troubling themselves about what happened beh 3atherley; but Dunsey, not being remarkable for clearness of them, and far-off stragglers, who were as likely at not to Pead, was only led to this conclusion by the gradual perception quite aloof from the line of road in which Wildfire had fall hat there were other reasons for choosing the unprecedented Dunstan, whose nature it was to care more for immediate annsourse of walking home. It was now nearly four o'clock, and ances than for remote consequences, no sooner recovered mist was gathering; the sooner he got into the road the better. legs, and saw that it was all over with Wildfire, than he felHe remembered having crossed the road and seen the finger post satisfaction at the absence of witnesses to a position which only a little while before Wildfire broke down; so, buttoning his swaggering could make enviable. Reënforcing himself, after oat, twisting the lash of his hunting whip compactly round the shake, with a little brandy and much swearing, he walked as handle, and rapping the tops of his boots with a self-possessed as he could to a coppice ${ }^{1}$ on his right hand, through whichir, as if to assure himself that he was not at all taken by suroccurred to him that he could make his way to Batherley wisise, he set off with the sense that he was undertaking a remarkout danger of encountering any member of the hunt. His \&ble feat of bodily exertion, which somehow, and at some time, intention was to hire a horse there and ride home forthwith, ee should be able to dress up and magnify to the admiration of to walk many miles without a gun in his hand, and along select circle at the Rainbow. When a young gentleman like ordinary road, was as much out of the question to him asDunsey is reduced to so exceptional a mode of locomotion as other spirited young men of his kind. He did not much mivalking, a whip in his hand is a desirable corrective to a too about taking the bad news to Godfrey, for he had to offer bewildering dreamy sense of unwontedness in his position; and at the same time the resource of Marner's money; and if GDunstan, as he went along through the gathering mist, was frey kicked, ${ }^{2}$ as he always did, at the notion of making a fralways rapping his whip somewhere. It was Godfrey's whip, del $n$, from which he himself got the smallest share of advantawhich he had chosen to take without leave because it had a gold why, he wouldn't kick long. Dunstan felt sure he could wonandle. Of course no one could see, when Dunstan held it, that Godfrey into anything. The idea of Marner's money kept grehe name Godfrey Cass was cut in deep letters on that gold ing in vividness, now the want of it had become immediate; handle ; they could only see that it was a very handsome whip. prospect of having to make his appearance with the muddy boDunsey was not without fear that he might meet some acquaintof a pedestrian at Batherley, and encounter the grinning queance in whose eyes he would cut a pitiable figure, for mist is no of stablemen, stood unpleasantly in the way of his impatiencescreen where people get close to each other; but when he at last be back at Raveloe and carry out his felicitous plan; and a cafound himself in the well-known Raveloe lanes without having visitation of his waistcoat pocket, as he was ruminating, awakemet a soul, he silently remarked that that was part of his usual

[^3] rood luck. But now the mist, helped by the evening darkness
was more of a screen than he desired, for it hid the ruts i which his feet were liable to slip, -hid everything, so that he to guide his steps by dragging his whip along the low bushes advance of the hedgerow. He must soon, he thought, be ge ting near the opening at the Stone Pits; he should find it out the break in the hedgerow. He found it out, however, another circumstance which he had not expected; namely, certain gleams of light, which he presently guessed to proce from Silas Marner's cottage. That cottage, and the money hie den within it, had been in his mind continually during his wall and he had been imagining ways of cajoling and tempting weaver to part with the immediate possession of his money $f$ the sake of receiving interest. Dunstan felt as if there must a little frightening added to the cajolery, for his own arithmetic convictions were not clear enough to afford him any forcib demonstration as to the advantages of interest; and as for sect rity, he regarded it vaguely as a means of cheating a man, making him believe that he would be paid. Altogether, th operation on the miser's mind was a task that Godfrey would sure to hand over to his more daring and cunning brother, - Dup stan had made up his mind to that ; and by the time he saw $t$ light gleaming through the chinks of Marner's shutters, the ide of a dialogue with the weaver had become so familiar to hir that it occurred to him as quite a natural thing to make th acquaintance forthwith. There might be several convenienct attending this course; the weaver had possibly got a lantern, an Dunstan was tired of feeling his way. He was still nearly thre quarters of a mile from home, and the lane was becoming ur pleasantly slippery, for the mist was passing into rain. He turne up the bank, not without some fear lest he might miss the rig way, since he was not certain whether the light were in front on the side of the cottage. But he felt the ground before hi cautiously with his whip handle, and at last arrived safely at $t$ door. He knocked loudly, rather enjoying the idea that the o fellow would be frightened at the sudden noise. He heard
hovement in reply; all was silence in the cottage. Was the eaver gone to bed, then? If so, why had he left a light? That as a strange forgetfulness in a miser. Dunstan knocked still ore loudly, and, without pausing for a reply, pushed his fingers rough the latch hole, intending to shake the door and pull the atchstring up and down, not doukting that the door was fastned; but, to his surprise, at this double motion the door opened, nd he found himself in front of a bright fire, which lit up every orner of the cottage - the bed, the loom, the three chairs, and e table - and showed him that Marner was not there.
Nothing at that moment could be much more inviting to Dun$y$ than the bright fire on the brick hearth; he walked in and ated himself by it at once. There was something in front of e fire, too, that would have been inviting to a hungry man, if had been in a different stage of cooking. It was a small bit pork suspended from the kettle hanger ${ }^{1}$ by a string passed rough a large door key, in a way known to primitive houseeepers unpossessed of jacks. ${ }^{2}$ But the pork had been hung at farthest extremity of the hanger, apparently to prevent the asting from proceeding too rapidly during the owner's absence. he old ctaring simpleton had hot meat for his supper, then? ought Dunstan. People had always said he lived on moldy read, on purpose to check his appetite. But where could he be this time, and on such an evening, leaving his supper in this age of preparation, and his door unfastened? Dunstan's own ecent difficulty in making his way suggested to him that the eaver had perhaps gone outside his cottage to fetch in fuel, or or some such brief purpose, and had slipped into the stone pit. hat was an interesting idea to Dunstan, carrying consequences $f$ entire novelty. If the weaver was dead, who had a right to is money? Who would know where his money was hidden? Tho would know that anybody had come to take it away? He
${ }^{1}$ A crane, or iron bar suspended horizontally above the firevlace, and sup. orted at one end on a pivot.
${ }^{2}$ Machines for turning the roast.
went no farther into the subtleties of evidence. The pressi question, "Where is the money ?" now took such entire possess" of him as to make him quite forget that the weaver's death , not a certainty. A dull mind, once arriving at an inference $t$ flatters a desire, is rarely able to retain the impression that notion from which the inference started was purely problemat And Dunstan's mind was as dull as the mind of a possible fel usually is. There were only three hiding places where he $h$ ever heard of cottagers' hoards being found: the thatch, the $b$ and a hole in the floor. Marner's cottage had no thatch; a Dunstan's first act, after a train of thought made rapid by stimulus of cupidity, was to go up to the bed; but while he so, his eyes traveled eagerly over the floor, where the bricks, tinct in the firelight, were discernible under the sprinkling sand. But not everywhere; for there was one spot, and only, which was quite covered with sand, and sand showing marks of fingers, which had apparently been careful to spread over a given space. It was near the treddles ${ }^{1}$ of the loom. an instant Dunstan darted to that spot, swept away the sa with his whip, and, inserting the thin end of the hook betwe the bricks, found that they were loose. In haste he lifted two bricks, and saw what he had no doubt was the object of search; for what could there be but money in those two leathe bags? and, from their weight, they must be filled with guine Dunstan felt round the hole, to be certain that it held no mor then hastily replaced the bricks, and spread the sand over the Hardly more than five minutes had passed since he entered cottage, but it seemed to Dunstan like a long while; and thou he was without any distinct recognition of the possibility $t$ Marner might be alive, and might reënter the cottage at moment, he felt an indefinable dread laying hold on him, as rose to his feet with the bags in his hand. He would hasten into the darkness, and then consider what he should do $w$ the bags. He closed the door behind him immediately, that

[^4]ight shut in the stream of light; a few steps woulc be enough carry him beyond betrayal by the gleams from the shutter hinks and the latch hole. The rain and darkness had got hicker, and he was glad of it; though it was awkward walking ith both hands filled, so that it was as much as he could do to asp his whip along with one of the bags. But when he had one a yard or two, he might take his time. So he stepped forard into the darkness.

## CHAPTER V.

HHEN Dunstan Cass turned his back on the cottage, Silas Marner was not more than a hundred yards away from it, lodding along from the village with a sack thrown round his noulders as an overcoat, and with a horn lantern ${ }^{1}$ in his hand. lis legs were weary, but his mind was at ease, free from the resentiment of change. The sense of security more frequently prings from habit than from conviction, and for this reason it ften subsists after such a change in the conditions as might ave been expected to suggest alarm. The lapse of time during hich a given event has not happened, is, in this logic of habit, onstantly alleged as a reason why the event should never hapen, even when the lapse of time is precisely the added condition hich makes the event imminent. A man will tell you that he as worked in a mine for forty years unhurt by an accident, as a eason why he should apprehend no danger, though the roof is eginning to sink; and it is often observable that the older a han gets, the more difficult it is to him to retain a believing coneption of his own death. This influence of habit was necessaily strong in a man whose life was so monotonous as Marner's, tho saw no new people and heard of no new events to keep live in him the idea of the unexpected and the changeful; and
${ }^{1}$ A lantern made by inclosing a candle in a large horn scraped very thin.
it explains, simply enough, why his mind could be at ease, thou he had left his house and his treasure more defenseless th usual. Silas was thinking with double complacency of his si per; first, because it would be hot and savory, and second because it would cost him nothing. For the little bit of po was a present from that excellent housewife, Miss Priscilla La meter, to whom he had this day carried home a handsome pie of linen; and it was only on occasion of a present like this, th Silas indulged himself with roast meat. Supper was his favor meal, because it came at his time of revelry, when his hei warmed over his gold; whenever he had roast meat, he alwa chose to have it for supper. But this evening, he had no soon ingeniously knotted his string fast round his bit of pork, twist the string according to rule over his door key, passed it throu the handle, and made it fast on the hanger, than he remember that a piece of very fine twine was indispensable to his "s ting up" a new piece of work in his loom early in the mornir It had slipped his memory, because, in coming from Mr. La meter's, he had not had to pass through the village; but to lo time by going on errands in the morning was out of the questio It was a nasty fog to turn out into, but there were things Si loved better than his own comfort; so, drawing his pork to $t$ extremity of the hanger, and arming himself with his lantern a his old sack, he set out on what, in ordinary weather, wov have been a twenty minutes' errand. He could not have lock his door without undoing his well knotted string and retarding 1 supper; it was not worth his while to make that sacrifice. Wh thief would find his way to the Stone Pits on such a night this? and why should he come on this particular night, when had never come through all the fifteen years before? The questions were not distinctly present in Silas's mind; they mere serve to represent the vaguely felt foundation of his freed from anxiety. 5 -30-47 thes.

He reached his door in much satisfaction that his errand done. He opened it, and to his shortsighted eyes everythi
emained as he had left it, except that the fire sent out a welome increase of heat. He trod about the floor while putting y his lantern and throwing aside his hat and sack, so as to erge the marks of Dunstan's feet on the sand in the marks of is own nailed boots. Then he moved his pork nearer to the re, and sat down to the agreeable business of tending the meat nd warming himself at the same time.
Any one who had looked at him as the red light shone upon is pale face, strange straining eyes, and meager form, would peraps have understood the mixture of contemptuous pity, dread, nd suspicion with which he was regarded by his neighbors in aveloe. Yet few men could be more harmless than poor Marer. In his truthful, simple soul, not even the growing greed and orship of gold could beget any vice directly injurious to others. he light of his faith quite put out, and his affections made esolate, he had clung with all the force of his nature to his ork and his money; and like all objects to which a man deotes himself, they had fashioned him into correspondence with hemselves. His loom, as he wrought in it without ceasing, had its turn wrought on him, and confirmed more and more the onotonous craving for its monotonous response. His gold, as e hung over it and saw it grow, gathered his power of loving ogether into a hard isolation like its own.
As soon as he was warm he began to think it would be a long hile to wait till after supper before he drew out his guineas, and would be pleasant to see them on the table before him as he e his unwonted feast; for joy is the best of wine, and Silas's uineas were a golden wine of that sort.
He rose and placed his candle unsuspectingly on the floor ear his loom, swept away the sand without noticing any change, d removed the bricks. The sight of the empty hole made his eart leap violently, but the belief that his gold was gone could ot come at once; only terror, and the eager effort to put an nd to the terror. He passed his trembling hand all about the ole, trying to think it possible that his eyes had deceived him;
then he held the candle in the hole and examined it curiousoor. As he opened it the rain beat in upon him, for it was trembling more and more. At last he shook so violently thlling more and more heavily. There were no footsteps to be he let fall the candle, and lifted his hands to his head, tryingacked on such a night-footsteps? When had the thief come? steady himself, that he might think. Had he put his gold somuring Silas's absence in the daytime the door had been locked, where else, by a sudden resolution last night, and then forgothd there had been no marks of any inroad on his return by dayit? A man falling into dark waters seeks a momentary footight. And in the evening, too, he said to himself, everything even on sliding stones; and Silas, by acting as if he believed as the same as when he had left it. The sand and bricks false hopes, warded off the moment of despair. He searchedioked as if they had not been moved. Was it a thief who had every corner, he turned his bed over, and shook it, and kneadiken the bags? or was it a cruel power that no hands could it; he looked in his brick oven where he laid his sticks. Whach, which had delighted in making him a second time desothere was no other place to be searched, he kneeled down agte? He shrank from this vaguer dread, and fixed his mind and felt once more all round the hole. There was no untriith struggling effort on the robber with hands, who could be refuge left for a moment's shelter from the terrible truth. ached by hands. His thoughts glanced at all the neighbors
Yes, there was a sort of refuge which always comes with tho had made any remarks, or asked any questions which he prostration of thought under an overpowering passion; it wight now regard as a ground of suspicion. There was Jem that expectation of impossibilities, that belief in contradictaodney, a known poacher, and otherwise disreputable. He had images, which is still distinct from madness, because it is capaften met Marner in his journeys across the fields, and had said of being dissipated by the external fact. Silas got up from bmething jestingly about the weaver's money; nay, he had once knees trembling, and looked round at the table. Didn't the gritated Marner, by lingering at the fire when he called to light lie there after all? The table was bare. Then he turned ais pipe, instead of going about his business. Jem Rodney was looked behind him, -looked all round his dwelling, seemingle man, -there was ease in the thought. Jem could be found strain his brown eyes after somc possible appearance of the bad made to restore the money. Marner did not want to punish where he had already sought them in vain. He could see evim, but only to get back his gold which had gone from him, and object in his cottage-and his gold was not there.
ft his soul like a forlorn traveler on an unknown desert. The
Again he put his trembling hands to his head, and gavebber must be laid hold of. Marner's ideas of legal authority wild, ringing scream, the cry of desolation. For a few momeere confused, but he felt that he must go and proclaim his loss ; after, he stood motionless; but the cry had relieved him from nd the great people in the village-the clergyman, the constafirst maddening pressure of the truth. He turned, and tottele, and Squire Cass - would make Jem Rodney, or somebody towards his loom, and got into the seat where he worked, se, deliver up the stolen money. He rushed out in the rain, stinctively seeking this as the strongest assurance of reality. nder the stimulus of this hope, forgetting to cover his head, not
And now that all the false hopes had vanished, and the faring to fasten his door; for he felt as if he had nothing left shock of certainty was past, the idea of a thief began to press lose. He ran swiftly, till want of breath compelled him to itself, and he entertained it eagerly, because a thief might acken his pace as he was entering the village at the turning caught and made to restore the gold. The thought broulose to the Rainbow.
some new strength with it, and he started from his loom to The Rainbow, in Marner's view, was a place of luxurious re-
sort for rich and stout husbands, whose wives had superflup stores of linen; it was the place where he was likely to find powers and dignities of Raveloe, and where he could $m$ speedily make his loss public. He lifted the latch, and tur into the bright bar or kitchen on the right hand, where the lofty customers of the house were in the habit of assembling, parlor on the left being reserved for the more select society which Squire Cass frequently enjoyed the double pleasure of 0 viviality and condescension. But the parlor was dark to-nig the chief personages who ornamented its circle being all at $\mathbb{1}_{\text {fore }}$.
Osgood's birthday dance, as Godfrey Cass was. And in con "Was it a red Durham?" said the farrier, taking up the thread quence of this, the party on the high-screened seats in the kitch discourse after the lapse of a few minutes.
was more numerous than usual; several personages, who wo otherwise have been admitted into the parlor, and enlarged opportunity of hectoring ${ }^{1}$ and condescension for their bett ${ }_{\text {swering }}$
being content this evening to vary their enjoyment by tak" Red it was," said the butcher, in his good-humored husky their spirits and water where they could themselves hector condescend in company that called for beer.

## CHAPTER VI.

THE conversation, which was at a high pitch of animatic when Silas approached the door of the Rainbow, had usual, been slow and intermittent when the company first ass bled. The pipes began to be puffed in a silence which had air of severity; the more important customers, who drank spil and sat nearest the fire, staring at each other as if a bet $w$ depending on the first man who winked; while the beer drink chiefly men in fustian jackets and smock frocks, kept their e lids down, and rubbed their hands across their mouths, as if th drafts of beer were a funereal duty attended with embarrass sadness. At last, Mr. Snell, the landlord, a man of a neu

[^5]sposition, accustomed to stand aloof from human differences, those of beings who were all alike in need of liquor, broke lence, by saying in a doubtful tone to his cousin the butcher: "Some folks 'ud say that was a fine beast you druv in yestery, Bob:"
The butcher, a jolly, smiling, red-haired man, was not disposed answer rashly. He gave a few puffs before he spat and reied, "And they wouldn't be fur wrong, John."
After this feeble, delusive thaw, the silence set in as severely as

The farrier looked at the landlord, and the landlord looked at butcher, as the person who must, take the responsibility of sble, " and a Durham it was."
"Then you needn't tell me who you bought it of," said the rier, looking round with some triumph; "I know who it is has t the red Durhams o' this countryside. And she'd a white ar on her brow, I'll bet a penny?" The farrier leaned forward th his hands on his knees as he put this question, and his eyes inkled knowingly.
"Well; yes-she might," said the butcher slowly, considerthat he was giving a decided affirmative. "I don't say coniry."
I knew that very well," said the farrier, throwing himself kward again, and speaking defiantly; " if $I$ don't know Mr.
mmeter's cows, I should like to know who does, that's all.
id as for the cow you've bought, bargain or no bargain, I've
en at the drenching of her, ${ }^{1}$ contradick me who will."
The farrier looked fierce, and the mild butcher's conversational irit was roused a little.
1 "Been at the drenching of her," i.e., forced potions of medicine down throat.
"I'm not for contradicking no man," he said; "I'm for pe and quietness. Some are for cutting long ribs; I'm for cutt 'em short myself ; but $I$ don't quarrel with 'em. All I say is, a lovely carkiss, and anybody as was reasonable, it 'ud br tears into their eyes to look at it."
"Well, it's the cow as I drenched, whatever it is," pursued farrier angrily; " and it was Mr. Lammeter's cow, else you t a lie when you said it was a red Durham."
"I tell no lies," said the butcher, with the same mild huskin as before, "and I contradick none, -not if a man was to sw himself black; he's no meat o' mine, or none o' my bargai All I say is, it's a lovely carkiss; and what I say I'll stick but I'll quarrel wi' no man."
"No," said the farrier with bitter sarcasm, looking at the cc pany generally ; " and p'raps you aren't pig-headed; and p'r you didn't say the cow was a red Durham ; and p'raps you did say she'd got a star on her brow, - stick to that, now you're at
"Come, come," said the landlord; " let the cow alone. truth lies atween you; you're both right and both wrong, ailays say. And as for the cow's being Mr. Lammeter's, I nothing to that; but this I say, as the Rainbow's the Rainbo And for the matter o' that, if the talk is to be o' the Lammeter you know the most upo' that head, eh, Mr. Macey? You reme ber when first Mr. Lammeter's father came into these parts, a took the Warrens?"

Mr. Macey, tailor and parish clerk, the latter of which fur tions rheumatism had of late obliged him to share with a smar featured young man who sat opposite him, held his white he on one side, and twirled his thumbs with an air of complacen slightly seasoned with criticism. He smiled pityingly in ansm to the landlord's appeal, and said:
"Ay, ay; I know, I know; but I let other folks talk. laid by now, and gev up to the young uns. Ask them as ha been to school at Tarley. They've learnt pernouncing; the come up since my day."

If you're pointing at me, Mr. Macey," said the deputy clerk, an air of anxious propriety, "I'm nowise a man to speak of my place. As the psalm says,

> 'I know what's right, nor only so, But also practice what I know.'"
'Well, then, I wish you'd keep hold o' the tune, when it's set you; if you're for practicing, I wish you'd practice that," said arge jocose-looking man, an excellent wheelwright in his weekcapacity, but on Sundays leader of the choir. He winked, he spoke, at two of the company, who were known officially the "bassoon" and the "key bugle," in the confidence that he expressing the sense of the musical profession in Raveloe..
Mr. Tookey, the deputy clerk, who shared the unpopularity mon to deputies, turned very red, but replied, with careful deration: "Mr. Winthrop, if you'll bring me any proof as in the wrong, I'm not the man to say I won't alter. But re's people set up their own ears for a standard, and expect whole choir to follow 'em. There may be two opinions, I pe."
Ay, ay," said Mr. Macey, who felt very well satisfied with attack on youthful presumption; "you're right there, Too; there's allays two 'pinions; there's the 'pinion a man has of nsen, and there's the 'pinion other folks have on him. There'd two 'pinions about a cracked bell, if the bell could hear itself." "Well, Mr. Macey," said poor Tookey, serious amidst the gen1 laughter, "I undertook to partially fill up the office of parish rk by Mr. Crackenthorp's desire, whenever your infirmities buld make you unfitting; and it's one of the rights thereof to g in the choir, else why have you done the same yourself ? "
"Ah! but the old gentleman and you are two folks," said Ben inthrop. "The old gentleman's got a gift. Why the Squire ed to invite him to take a glass, only to hear him sing the 'Red vvier ; ' didn't he, Mr. Macey? It's a nat'ral gift. There's my
little lád Aaron, he's got a gift; he can sing a tune off strai like a throstle. But as for you, Master Tookey, you'd be stick to your 'Amens.' Your voice is well enough when you $k$ it up in your nose. It's your inside as isn't right made for mus it's no better nor a hollow stalk."

This kind of unflinching frankness was the most piquant $f$ of joke to the company at the Rainbow, and Ben Winthrop's sult was felt by everybody to have capped Mr. Macey's epigr
"I see what it is plain enough," said Mr. Tookey, unabl keep cool any longer. "There's a consperacy to turn me ou the choir, as I shouldn't share the Christmas money, -th where it is. But I shall speak to Mr. Crackenthorp; I'll not put upon by no man."
"Nay, nay, Tookey," said Ben Winthrop. "We'll pay your share to keep out of it, -that's what we'll do. The things folks 'ud pay to be rid on, besides varmin."
"Come, come," said the landlord, who felt that paying peo for their absence was a principle dangerous to society; "a jol a joke. We're all good friends here, I hope. We must give take. You're both right and you're both wrong, as I say. agree with Mr. Macey here, as there's two opinions; and if $m$ was asked, I should say they're both right. Tookey's right Winthrop's right, and they've only got to split the difference make themselves even."

The farrier was puffing his pipe rather fiercely, in some $c$ tempt at this trivial discussion. He had no ear for music self, and never went to church, as being of the medical pro sion, and likely to be in requisition for delicate cows. But butcher, having music in his soul, had listened with a divid desire for Tookey's defeat, and for the preservation of the pes
"To be sure," he said, following up the landlord's concilia view, "we're fond of our old clerk; it's nat'ral, and him usec be such a singer, and got a brother as is known for the first dler in this countryside. Eh, it's a pity but what Solomon lif in our village, and could give us a tune when we liked; eh, 1

Iacey? I'd keep him in liver and lights ${ }^{1}$ for nothing, that I ould."
"Ay, ay," said Mr. Macey, in the height of complacency; our family's been known for musicianers as far back as anyody can tell. But them things are dying out, as I tell Solomon very time he comes round; there's no voices like what there sed to be, and there's nobody remembers what we remember, if isn't the old crows."
"Ay, you remember when first Mr. Lammeter's father come to these parts, don't you, Mr. Macey? " said the landlord.
"I should think I did," said the old man, who had now gone rough that complimentary process necessary to bring him up the point of narration; "and a fine old gentleman he was, fine, and finer nor the Mr. Lammeter as now is. He came m a bit north'ard, so far as I could ever make out. But ere's nobody rightly knows about those parts; only it couldn't far north'ard, nor much different from this country, for he ought a fine breed o' sheep with him, so there must be pastures ere, and everything reasonable. We heared tell as he'd sold s own land to come and take the Warrens, and that seemed Id for a man as had land of his own, to come and rent a farm a strange place. But they said it was along ${ }^{2}$ of his wife's ing; though there's reasons in things as nobody knows onat's pretty much what I've made out; though some folks are so ise, they'll find you fifty reasons straight off, and all the while e real reason's winking at 'em in the corner, and they niver e't. Howsomever, it was soon seen as we'd got a new parisher as know'd the rights and cuistoms o' things, and kep' a good use, and was well looked on by everybody. And the young an -that's the Mr. Lammeter as now is, for he'd niver a sister -soon begun to court Miss Osgood, that's the sister o' the Mr. sgood as now is, and a fine handsome lass she was-eh, you n't think - they pretend this young lass is like her, but that's
the way wi' people as don't know what come before 'em, ock?' For the parson meant right, and the bride and brideshould know, for I helped the old rector, - Mr. Drumlow groom meant right. But then, when I come to think on it, was, - I helped him marry 'em.'
neanin' goes but a little way $i$ ' most things, for you may mean
Here Mr. Macey paused; he always gave his narrative ino stick things together and your glue may be bad, and then stallments, expecting to be questioned according to precedentvhere are you? And so I says to mysen, 'It inn't the meanin',
"Ay, and a partic'lar thing happened, didn't it, Mr. Macey,'s the glue.' And I was worreted as if I'd got three bells to as you were likely to remember that marriage?" said the lasull at once, when we got into the vestry, and they begun to lord, in a congratulatory tone.
"I should think there did-a very partic'lar thing," said what goes on in a 'cute man's inside."
Macey, nodding sideways. "For Mr. Drumlow-poor old g. "But you held in, for all that, didn't you, Mr. Macey?" said tleman, I was fond on him, though he'd got a bit confused in he landlord.
head, what wi' age and wi' taking a drop o' summat warm wł "Ay, I held in tight till I was by mysen wi' Mr. Drumlow, the service come of a cold morning. And young Mr. Lammend then I out wi' everything, but respectful, as I allays did. he'd have no way but he must be married in Janiwary, which,nd he made light on it, and he says, 'Pooh, pooh, Macey, be sure, 's a unreasonable time to be married in, for it isn't likpake yourself easy,' he says; 'it's neither the meaning nor the christening or a burying, as you can't help; and so Mr. Druords; it's the regester does it; that's the glue.' So you see low-poor old gentleman, I was fond on him-but whene settled it easy; for parsons and doctors know everything by come to put the questions, he put 'em by the rule o' contraieart, like, so as they aren't worreted wi' thinking what's the like, and he says, ' Wilt thou have this man to thy wedded wifights and wrongs ${ }^{o}$ ' things, as I'n been many and many's the says he, and then he says, 'Wilt thou have this woman to me. And sure enough the wedding turned out all right, on'y wedded husband?' says he. But the partic'larest thing of aloor Mrs. Lammeter-that's Miss Osgood as was-died afore as nobody took any notice on it but me, and they answee lasses were growed up; but for prosperity and everything straight off 'Yes,' like as if it had been me saying 'Amen' $i$ ' right place, without listening to what went before."
"But you knew what was going on well enough, didn't Mr. Macey? You were live enough, eh? " said the butcher.t certain points the puffing of the pipes was momentarily sus-
"Lor bless you!" said Mr. Macey, pausing, and smilingended, that the listeners might give their whole minds to the pity at the impotence of his hearer's imagination - "why, I xpected words. But there was more to come; and Mr. Snell, all of a tremble; it was as if I'd been a coat pulled by the tails, like ; for I couldn't stop the parson, I couldn't take uf me to do that; and yet I said to myself, I says, 'Suppose th shouldn't be fast married, 'cause the words are contrairy ?' my head went working like a mill, for I was allays uncomns this Mr. Lammeter has done to keep it whole. For there was for turning things over and seeing all round 'em; and I sayllays a talk as nobody could get rich on the Warrens; though myself, ' Is't the meanin' or the words as makes folks fast i' we holds it cheap, for it's what they call Charity Land."
"Ay, and there's few folks know so well as you how it co to be Charity Land, eh, Mr. Macey?" said the butcher.
"How should they?" said the old clerk, with some contem "Why, my grandfather made the grooms' livery for that Cliff as came and built the big stables at the Warrens. Wk they're stables four times as big as Squire Cass's, for he thou o' nothing but hosses and hunting, Cliff didn't ; a Lunnon tail some folks said, as had gone mad wi' cheating. For he could, ride; lor bless you! they said he'd got no more grip o' the $h$ than if his legs had been cross sticks; my grandfather heared Squire Cass say so many and many a time. But ride he wo as if Old Harry had been a-driving him; and he'd a son, a la sixteen; and nothing would his father have him do, but he $m$ ride and ride, though the lad was frighted, they said And . was a common saying as the father wanted to ride the tailor $o^{\prime}$ ' the lad, and make a gentleman on him, -not but what a tailor myself, but in respect as God made me such, I'm pro on it, for 'Macey, tailor,' 's been wrote up over our door si afore the Queen's heads went out on the shillings. ${ }^{1}$ But C he was ashamed o' being called a tailor, and he was sore ve his riding was lound, if hell stand out wi me any dry night in the pasture abouts could abide him. Howsomever, the poor lad got sicises, if it isn't the blowing of our own noses. That's what I abouts could abide him. Howsomever, the poor lad got sichises, if it isn't the blowing of our own noses. That's what I
and died, and the father didn't live long after him, for he $y$, and I've said it many a time; but there's nobody 'ull ventur queerer nor ever, and they said he used to go out i' the deadten-pun' note on their ghos'es as they make so sure of."
the night, wi' a lantern in his hand, to the stables, and set a "Why, Dowlas, that's easy betting, that is," said Ben Win$o$ ' lights burning, for he got as he couldn't sleep; and there hrop. "You might as well bet a man as he wouldn't catch the stand, cracking his whip and looking at his hosses; and they sleumatise if he stood up to 's neck in the pool of a frosty night. it was a mercy as the stables didn't get burnt down wi' the $p$ 'ud be fine fun for a man to win his bet as he'd catch the dumb creaturs in 'em. But at last he died raving, and theumatise. Folks as believe in Cliff's Holiday aren't a-going found as he'd left all his property, Warrens and all, to a Lunn ventur near it for a matter o' ten pound."
Charity, and that's how the Warrens come to be Charity Lan "If Master Dowlas wants to know the truth on it," said Mr. though, as for the stables, Mr. Lammeter never uses 'em, -thesacey, with a sarcastic smile, tapping his thumbs together, "he's out o' all charicter; lor bless you! if you was to set the dop call to lay any bet; let him go and stan' by himself, - there's a-banging in 'em, it 'ud sound like thunder half o'er the parisbbody 'ull hinder him ; and then he can let the parish'ners know
${ }^{1}$ Shillings made in the time of Queen Anne (1702-14).
"Ay, but there's more going on in the stables than what folks by daylight, eh, Mr. Macey ?" said the landlord.
"Ay, ay; go that way of a dark night, that's all," said Mr. Lacey, winking mysteriously, " and then make believe, if you ke, as you didn't see lights $i$ ' the stables, nor hear the stamping the hosses, nor the cracking o' the whips, and howling, too, it $s$ tow'rt daybreak. 'Cliff's Holiday' has been the name of it erer $\sin$ ' I were a boy; that's to say some said as it was the holiy Old Harry gev him from roasting, like. That's what my ther told me, and he was a reasonable man, though there's lks nowadays know what happened afore they were born better or they know their own business."
"What do you say to that, eh, Dowlas?" said the landlord, rning to the farrier, who was swelling with impatience for his 4e. "There's a nut for you to crack."
Mr. Dowlas was the negative spirit in the company, and was roud of his position.
ii "Say? I say what a man should say as doesn't shut his eyes C. look at a finger post. I say as I'm ready to wager any man In pound, if he'll stand out wi' me any dry night in the pasture fore the Warren stables, as we shall neither see lights nor hear hrop. "You might as well bet a man as he wouldn't catch the
body 'ull hinder him; and then he can let the parish'ners know
they're wrong"
"Thank you! I'm obliged to you," said the farrier, wit snort of scorn. "If folks are fools, it's no business o' mine. don't want to make out the truth about ghos'es: I knor a'ready. But I'm not against a bet, everything fair and of Let any man bet me ten pound as I shall see Cliff's Holi and I'll go and stand by myself. I want no company. lief do it as I'd fill this pipe."
"Ah, but who's to watch you, Dowlas, and see you do That's no fair bet," said the butcher.
"No fair bet?" replied Mr. Dowlas angrily. "I should to hear any man stand up and say I want to bet unfair. now, Master Lundy, I should like to hear you say it."
"Very like you would," said the butcher. "But it's not ness o' mine. You're none o' my bargains, and I aren't a-g to try and 'bate your price. If anybody'll bid for you at own vallying, let him. I'm for peace and quietness, I am."
"Yes, that's what every yapping cur js, when you hold a up at him," said the farrier. "But I'm afraid o' neither nor ghost, and I'm ready to lay a fair bet. $I$ aren't a turn cur."
"Ay, but there's this in it, Dowlas," said the landlord, speaf in a tone of much candor and tolerance. "There's folks, opinion, they can't see ghos'es, not if they stood as plain pikestaff before 'em. And there's reason i ' that. For th my wife now, can't smell, not if she'd the strongest o' ch under her nose. I never see'd a ghost myself; but then I to myself, 'Very like I haven't got the smell for 'em.' I m putting a ghost for a smell, or else contrairiways. And so, for holding with both sides; for, as I say, the truth lies betr 'em. And if Dowlas was to go and stand, and say he'd n seen a wink o' Cliff's Holiday all the night through, I'd him; and if anybody said as Cliff's Holiday was certain sur all that, I'd back him too. For the smell's what I go by."

The landlord's analogical argument was not well receive the farrier, a man intensely opposed to compromise.
"Tut, tut," he said, setting down his glass with refreshed irrition; "what's the smell got to do with it? Did ever a ghost ve a man a black eye? That's what I should like to know. ghos'es want me to believe in 'em, let 'em leave off skulking i' e dark and $i$ ' lone places; let 'em come where there's company d candles."
"As if ghos'es 'ud want to be believed in by anybody so ig. ant!" said Mr. Macey, in deep disgust at the farrier's crass ${ }^{1}$ competence to apprehend the conditions of ghostly phenomena.

## CHAPTER VII.

ET the next moment there seemed to be some evidence that ghosts had a more condescending disposition than r. Macey attributed to them; for the pale, thin figure of Silas arner was suddenly seen standing in the warm light, uttering word, but looking round at the company with his strange unrthly eyes. The long pipes gave a simultaneous movement, e the antennæ of startled insects, and every man present, not cepting even the skeptical farrier, had an impression that he w, not Silas Marner in the flesh, but an apparition; for the or by which Silas had entered was hidden by the high-screened ats, and no one had noticed his approach. Mr. Macey, sitting long way off the ghost, might be supposed to have felt an gumentative triumph, which would tend to neutralize his share the general alarm. Had he not always said that when Silas arner was in that strange trance of his, his soul went loose om his body? Here was the demonstration; nevertheless, on whole, he would have been as well contented without it. r a few moments there was a dead silence, Marner's want of eath and agitation not allowing him to speak. The landlord, der the habitual sense that he was bound to keep his house


[^0]:    1 Neighborhood

[^1]:    1 "Taking somebody in," i.e., deceiving somebody.
    ${ }^{2}$ A great desire.

[^2]:    

[^3]:    1 Thicket of underbrush. 2 Objected. A slang expression.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ The parts moved by the feet; usually spelled treadles.

[^5]:    1 Blustering; bullying.

