Of ages on its water-fretted halls, Where waves might wash, and seals might breed and lurk Her hair was dripping, and the very balls Of her black eyes seem'd turn'd to tears, and mirk The sharp rocks, look'd below each drop they caught, Which froze to marble as it fell.—she thought.

And wet, and cold, and lifeless at hor feet, Pale as the foam that froth'd on his dead brow, Which she essay'd in vain to clear, (how sweet Were once her cares, how idle seem'd they now !) Lay he—nor could aught renew the beat Of his quench'd heart: and the sea dirges low Rang in her sad ears like a mermaid's song, And that brief dream appear'd a life too long.

THE MANIAC.

A VEIN had burst, and her sweet lips' pure dyes Were datbled with the deep blood which ran o'er; And her head droop'd as when the lily lies O'ercharged with rain : her summon'd handmaids bore Their lady to her couch with gushing eyes; Of herbs and cordials they produced their store, But she defied all means they could employ, Like one life could not hold, nor death destroy

Days lay she in that state unchanged, though chill--With nothing livid, still her lips were red; She had no pulse, but death seem'd absent still; No hideous sign proclaim'd her surely dead; Corruption came not in each mind to kill All hope; to look upon her sweet face bred New thoughts of life, for it seem'd full of soul--

She had so much, earth could not claim the whole.

The ruling passion, such as marble shows When exquisitely chisell'd, still lay there, But fix'd as marble's unchanged aspect throws O'er the fair Venus, but for ever fair; O'er the Laocoon's all eternal threes, And ever-dying Gladiator's air, Their energy like life forms all their tame, Yet looks not life, for they are still the same,—

She woke at length, but not as sleepers wake, Rather the dead, for life seem'd something new, A strange sensation which she must partake Perforce, since whatsoever met her view Struck not her memory, though a heavy ache Lay at her heart, whose earliest beat still true Brought back the sense of pain without the cause, For, for a while the furies made a pause.

BYRON'S POEMS.

Except mere breath; and since the silent shore Awaits at last even those who longest miss The old archer's shafts, perhaps the early grave Which men weep over may be meant to save.

The gentle pressure, and the thrilling touch, The least glance better understood than words, Which still said all, and ne'er could say too much;

A language, too, but like to that of birds, Known but to them, at least appearing such

As but to lovers a true sense affords; Sweet playful phrases, which would seem absurd To those who have ceased to hear such, or ne'er heard;

All these were theirs, for they were children still, And children still they should have ever been; They were not made in the real world to fill A busy character in the dull scene, But like two beings born from out a rill, A nymph and her beloved, all unseen To pass their lives in fountains and on flowers, And never know the weight of human hours.

Moons changing had roll'd on, and changeless found Those their bright rise had lighted to such joys As rarely they beheld throughout their round; And these were not of the vain kind which cloys, For theirs were buoyant spirits, never bound By the mere senses; and that which destroys

Most love, possession, unto them appear'd A thing which each endearment more endear'd.

A DREAM.

SHE dream'd of being alone on the sea-shore, Chain'd to a rock ; she knew not how, but stir She could not from the spot, and the loud roar Grew, and each wave rose roughly. threatening her ; And o'er her upper lip they seem'd to pour,

Until she sobb'd for breath, and soon they were Foaming o'er her lone head, so fierce and high-Each broke to drown her, yet she could not die.

Anon-she was released, and then she stray'd O'er the sharp shingles with her bleeding feet, And stambled almost every step she made;

And something roll'd before her in a sheet, Which she must still pursue howe'er afraid ;

"Twas white and indistinct, nor stopp'd to meet Her glance nor grasp, for still she gazed and grasp'd, And ran, but it escaped her as she clasp'd.

The dream changed :--in a cave she stood, its walls Were hung with marble icicles ; the work

ETRON'S POEMS.

She look'd on many a face with vacant eye, On many a token without knowing what; She saw them watch her without asking why; And reck'd not who around her pillow sat;

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Not speechless, though she spoke not; not a sigh Relieved her thoughts; dull silence and quick chat

Were tried in vain by those who served ; she gave No sign, save breath, of having left the grave.

Her handmaids tended, but she heeded not; Her falner watch'd, she turn'd her eyes away; She recognised no being, and no spot, However dear or cherish'd in their day;

They changed from room to room, but all forgot, Gentle, but without memory she lay; At length those eyes, which they would fain be weaning Back to old thoughts, waxed full of fearful meaning.

And then a slave bethought her of a harp, The harper came, and tuned his instrument; At the first notes, irregular and sharp, On him her flashing eyes a moment bent, Then to the wall she turn'd as if to warp Her thoughts from sorrow through her heart resent; And he begun a long low island song Of ancient days, ere tyranny grew strong.

Anon her thin wan fingers beat the wall In time to his old tune; he changed the theme, And sung of love; the fierce name struck through all Her recollection; on her flash'd the dream

Of what she was, and is, if ye could call To be so being ; in a gushing stream The tears rush'd forth from her o'erclouded brain, Like mountain mists at length dissolved in rain.

Short solace, vain relief !--thought came too quick, And whirl'd her brain to madness ; she arose As one who ne'er had dwelt among the sick, And flew at all she met, as on her foes ; But no one ever heard her speak or sheid

But no one ever heard her speak or shriek, Although her paroxysm drew towards its close ;--Hers was a frenzy which disdain'd to rave, Even when they smote her in the hope to save.

Yet she betray'd at times a gleam of sense; Nothing could make her meet her father's face, Though on all other things with looks intense

She gazed, but none she ever could retrace; Food she refused, and raiment; no pretence Avail'd for either; neither change of place,

Nor time, nor skill, nor remedy, could give her Senses to sleep—the power seem'd gone for ever.

Twelve days and nights she wither'd thus; at last, Without a grean, or sigh, or glance, to show A parting pang, the spirit from her past: And they who watch'd her nearest could not know The very instant, till the change that cast Her sweet face into shadow, dull and slow, Glazed o'er her eyes—the beautiful, the black— Oh ! to possess such lustre—and then lack !

That isle is now all desolate and bare, Its dwellings down, its tenants pass'd away; None but her own and father's grave is there. And nothing outward tells of human clay; Ye could not know where lies a thing so fair, No stone is there to show, no tongue to say What was; no dirge, except the hollow sea's, Mourns o'er the beauty of the Cyclades.

FAME.

OF poets who come down to us through distance Of time and tongues, the foster-babes of Fame, Life seems the smallest portion of existence; Where twenty ages gather o'er a name, "Tis as a snowball which derives assistance From every flake, and yet rolls on the same, Even till an iceberg it may chance to grow; But, after all, 'tis nothing but cold snow.

And so great names are nothing more than nominal, And love of glory's but an airy lust, Too often in its fury overcoming all Who would as 'twere identify their dust From out the wide destruction, which, entombing all, Leaves nothing till "the coming of the just"— Save change: I've stood upon Achilles' tomb, And heard Troy doubted; time will doubt of Rome.

The very generations of the dead Are swept away, and tomb inherits tomb, Until the memory of an age is fled, And, buried, sinks beneath its offspring's doom : Where are the epitaphs our fathers read? Save a few glean'd from the sepulchral gloom Which once-named myriads nameless lie beneath, And lose their own in universal death.

I canter by the spot each afternoon Where perish'd in his fame the hero-boy, Who lived too long for men, but died too soon For human vanity, the young De Foix! A broken pillar, not uncouthly hewn, But which neglect is hastening to destroy, Records Ravenna's carnage on its face, While weed and ordure rankle round the base.

BYRON'S POEMS.

I pass each day where Dante's bones are laid: A little cupola, more neat than solemn, Protects his dust, but reverence here is paid To the bard's tomb, and not the warrior's column:

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The time must come, when both alike decay'd, The chieftain's trophy, and the poet's volume, Will sink where lie the songs and wars of earth, Before Pelides' death, or Homer's birth.

Yet there will still be bards : though fame is smoke, Its fumes are frankineense to human thought;

And the unquiet feelings, which first woke Song in the world, will seek what then they sought As on the beach the waves at last are broke, Thus to their extreme verge the passions brought

Dash into poetry, which is but passion, Or at least was so ere it grew a fashion.

If in the course of such a life as was

At once adventurous and contemplative, Men who partake all passions as they pass, Acquire the deep and bitter power to give Their images again as in a glass, And in such colours that they seem to live;

And in such colours that they seem to live; You may do right forbidding them to show 'em, But spoil (I think) a very pretty poem.

THE SLAVE MARKET.

"Twas a raw day of Autumn's bleak beginning, When nights are equal, but not so the days; The Parcæ then cut short the further spinning Of seamen's fates, and the loud tempests raise The waters, and repentance for past sinning

In all, who o'er the great deep take their ways. They vow to amend their lives, and yet they don't; Because if drown'd, they can't—if spared, they won't

A crowd of shivering slaves of every nation, And age, and sex, were in the market ranged; Each bevy with the merchant in his station : Poor creatures! their good looks were sadly changed.

All save the blacks seem'd jaded with vexation, From friends, and home, and freedom far estranged; The negroes more philosophy display'd,— Used to it, no doubt, as eels are to be flay'd.

Like a backgammon-board the place was dotted With whites and blacks, in groups on show for sale, Though rather more irregularly spotted: Some bought the jet, while others chose the pale It chanced amongst the other people lotted, A man of thirty, rather stout and hale, With resolution in his dark grey eye,

Next Juan stood, till some might choose to buy

He had an English look; that is, was square In make, of a complexion white and ruddy, Good teeth, with curling rather dark brown hair, And, it might be, from thought, or toil, or study, An open brow a little marked with care : One arm had on a bandage rather bloody; And there he stood with such sang-froid, that greater Could scarce be shown even by a mere spectator

Just now a black old neutral personage Of the third sex stepp'd up, and peering over The captives seem'd to mark their looks and age, And capabilities, as to discover If they were fitted for the purposed cage : No lady e'er is ogled by a lover, Horse by a blackleg, broadcloth by a tailor, Fee by a counsel, felon by a jailor,

As is a slave by his intended bidder. "Tis pleasant purchasing our fellow-creatures; And all are to be sold, if you consider Their passions, and are dext'rous; some by features Are bought up, others by a warlike leader. Some by a place—as tend their years or natures; The most by ready cash—but all have prices, From crowns to kicks, according to their vices.

The eunuch having eyed them o'er with eare, Turn'd to the merchant, and began to bid First but for one, and after for the pair; They haggled, wrangled, swore, too—so they did! As though they were in a mere Christian fair Cheapening an ox, an ass, a lamb, or kid; So that their bargain sounded like a battle For this superior yoke of human eattle.

At last they settled into simple grumbling, And pulling out reluctant purses, and Turning each piece of silver o'er, and tumbling Some down, and weighing others in their hand, And by mistake sequins with paras jumbling, Until the sum was accurately scann'd, And then the merchant giving charge, and signing Receipts in full, began to think of dining.

I wonder if his appetite was good ?
Or, if it were, if also his digestion ?
Methinks at meals some odd thoughts might intrude, And conscience ask a curious sort of question,
About the right divine how far we should Sell flesh and blood. When dinner has oppressed one,
I think it is perhaps the gloomiest hour Which turns up out of the sad twenty-four.

BYEON S POEMS,

THE ASSASSINATION.

THE other evening ('twas on Friday last)-This is a fact, and no poetic fable— Just as my great coat was about me cast, My hat and gloves still lying on the table, I heard a shot-'twas eight o'clock scarce past-

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And, running out as fast as I was able. I found the military commandant Stretch'd in the street, and able scarce to pant.

Poor fellow ! for some reason, surely bad, They had slain him with five slugs ; and left him there To perish on the pavement : so I had Him borne into the house and up the stair, And stripp'd, and look'd to,—But why should I add More circumstances ? vain was every care; The man was gone: in some Italian quarrel Kill'd by five bullets from an old gun-barrel.

I gazed upon him, for I knew him well : And though I have seen many corpses, never Saw one, whom such an accident befell, So calm ; though pierced through stomach, heart, and liver He seem'd to sleep,-for you could scarcely tell (As he bled inwardly, no hideous river Of gore divulged the cause) that he was dead : So as I gazed on him, I thought or said-

"Can this be death ? then what is life or death ? Speak !" but he spoke not : " wake !" but still he slept:-"But yesterday and who had mightier breath ?

A thousand warriors by his word were kept In awe : he said, as the centurion saith,

'Go,' and he goeth ; ' come,' and forth he stepp'd. The trump and bugle till he spake were dumb-And now nought left him but the muffled drum."

And they who waited once and worshipp'd-they With their rough faces throng'd about the bed

To gaze once more on the commanding clay Which for the last, though not the first time, bled : And such an end ! that he who many a day Had faced Napoleon's foes until they fled,... The foremost in the charge or in the sally,

Should now be butcher'd in a civic alley.

LOVE AND GLORY.

O LOVE! O Glory ! what are ye who fly Around us ever, rarely to alight? There's not a meteor in the polar sky Of such transcendent and more fleeting flight.

Chill, and chained to cold earth, we lift on high Our eyes in search of either lovely light : A thousand and a thousand colours they Assume, then leave us on our freezing way.

AULD LANG SYNE.

AND all our little feuds, at least all mine, Dear Jeffrey, once my most redoubted foe (As far as rhyme and criticism combine To make such puppets of us things below), Are over : Here's a health to "Auld Lang Syne !" I do not know you, and may never know Your face—but you have acted on the whole Most nobly, and I own it from my soul.

And when I use the phrase of "Auld Lang Syne !" "Tis not address'd to you-the more's the pity For me, for I would rather take my wine With you, than aught (save Scott) in your proud city. But somehow,—it may seem a schoolboy's whine,

And yet I seek not to be grand nor witty, But I am half a Scot by birth, and bred A whole one, and my heart flies to my head,-

As "Auld Lang Syne" brings Scotland, one and all, Scotch plaids, Scotch snoods, the blue hills, and clear streams The Dee, the Don, Balgounie's brig's black wall, All my boy feelings, all my gentler dreams Of what I then dreamt, clothed in their own pall,

Like Banquo's offspring ;—floating past me seems My childhood in this childishness of mine : I care not-'tis a glimpse of "Auld Lang Syne."

And though, as you remember, in a fit Of wrath and rhyme, when juvenile and curly, I rail'd at Scots to show my wrath and wit. Which must be own'd was sensitive and surly,

Wet 'its in vain such sallies to permit,
They cannot quench young feelings fresh and early.
I "scotch'd not kill'd" the Scotchman in my blood,
And love the land of "mountain and of flood."

THE BLACK FRIAR.

BEWARE ! beware ! of the Black Friar. Who sitteth by Norman stone, For he mutters his prayer in the midnight air, And his mass of the days that are gone. When the Lord of the Hill, Amundeville, Made Norman Church his prey, And expell'd the friars, one friar still Would not be driven away.

BYRON'S POEMS.

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Though he came in his might, with King Henry's right, To turn church lands to lay,
With sword in hand, and torch to light Their walls, if they said nay;
A mosk remained, unchased, unchained, And he did not seem form'd of clay,
For he's seen in the porch, and he's seen in the church. Though he is not seen by day.
And whether for good, or whether for ill.

It is not mine to say; But still with the house of Amundeville He abideth night and day. By the marriage-bed of their lords, 'tis said, He flits on the bridal eve ; And 'tis held as faith, to their bed of death He comes—bat not to grieve.

When an heir is born, he's heard to mourn, And when aught is to befall That ancient line, in the pale moonshine He walks from hall to hall. His form you may trace, but not his face, 'Tis shadow'd by his cowl : But his eyes may be seen from the folds between, And they seem of a parted soul.

But beware ! beware ! of the Black Friar, He still retains his sway, For he is yet the church's heir, Whoever may be the lay. Amundeville is lord by day, But the monk is lord by night; Nor wine nor wassail could raise a vassai To question that friar's right.

Say nought to him as he walks the hall, And he'll say nought to you; He sweeps along in his dusky pall, As o'er the grass the dew. Then grammercy! for the Black Friar; Heaven sain him! fair or foul, And whatsoe'er may be his prayer, Let ours be for his soul.

NORMAN OR NEWSTEAD ABBEY.

To Norman Abbey whirl'd the noble pair,— An old, old monastery once, and now Still older mansion,—of a rich and rare Mix'd Gothic, such as artists all allow Few specimens yet left us can compare Withal: it lies perhaps a little low, Because the monks preferr'd a hill behind, To shelter their devotion from the wind.

It stood embosom'd in a happy valley, Crown'd by high woodlands, where the Druid oak Stood like Caractacus in act to rally

His host, with broad arms 'gainst the thunderstroke; And from beneath his boughs were seen to sally The dappled foresters—as day awoke, The branching stag swopt down with all his herd, To quaff a brook which murmur'd like a bird.

Before the mansion lay a lucid lake, Broad as transparent, deep, and freshly fed By a river, which its soften'd way did take In currents through the calmer water spread Around : the wildfowl nestled in the brake And sedges, brooding in their liquid bed; The woods sloped downwards to its brink, and stood With their green faces fix'd upon the flood.

Its outlet dash'd into a deep cascade, Sparkling with foam, until again subsiding, Its shriller echoes—like an infant made Quict—sank into softer ripples, gliding Into a rivulet; and thus allay'd, Pursued its course now cleaning and now bid

Pursued its course, now gleaming, and now hiding Its windings through the woods; now clear, now blue, According as the skies their shadows threw.

A glorious remnant of the Gothic pile (While yet the church was Rome's) stood half apart In a grand arch, which once screen'd many an aisle. These last had disappear'd—a loss to art : The first yet frown'd superbly o'er the soil,

And kindled feelings in the roughest heart, Which mourn'd the power of time's or tempest's march, In gazing on that venerable arch.

Within a niche, nigh to its pinnacle, Twelve saints had once stood sanctified in stone; But these had fallen, not when the friars fell, But in the war which struck Charles from his throne, When each house was a fortalice—as tell The annals of full many a line undone,— The gallant cavaliers, who fought in vain For those who knew not to resign or reign.

But in a higher niche, alone, but crown'd, The Virgin Mother of the God-born Child, With her Son in her blessed arms, look'd round, Spared by some chance when all beside was spoil'd; She made the earth below seem holy ground. This may be superstition, weak or wild, But even the faintest relies of a shrine Of any worship wake some thoughts divine.

EYRON'S POEMS.

A mighty window, hollow in the centre, Shorn of its glass of thousand colourings, Through which the deepen'd glories once could enter, Streaming from off the sun like seraph's wings,

Now yawns all desolate : now loud, now fainter, The gale sweeps through its fretwork, and eft sings The owl his anthem, where the silenced quire Lie with their hallelujahs quench'd like fire.

But in the noontide of the moon, and when The wind is winged from one point of heaven. There moans a strange uncarthly sound, which then Is musical-a dying accent driven

Through the huge arch, which soars and sings again. Some deem it but the distant echo given

Back to the night wind by the waterfall, And harmonized by the old choral wall:

Others, that some original shape, or form Shaped by decay perchance, hath given the power (Though less than that of Memnon's statue, warm In Egypt's rays, to harp at a fix'd hour)

To this grey ruin, with a voice to charm.

Sad, but serene, it sweeps o'er tree or tower ; The cause I know not, nor can solve ; but such The fact :-- I've heard it, -- once perhaps too much.

Amidst the court a Gothic fountain play'd, Symmetrical, but deck'd with carvings quaint-Strange faces, like to men in masquerade,

And here perhaps a monster, there a saint: The spring gush'd through grim mouths of granite made And sparkled into basins, where it spent

Its little torrent in a thousand bubbles, Like man's vain glory, and his vainer troubles.

The mansion's self was vast and venerable, With more of the monastic than has been Elsewhere preserved : the cloisters still were stable, The cells, too, and refectory, I ween ; An exquisite small chapel had been able,

Still unimpair'd, to decorate the scene ; The rest had been reform'd, replaced, or sunk, And spoke more of the baron than the monk.

Huge halls, long galleries, spacious chambers, join'd By no quite lawful marriage of the arts.

Might shock a connoisseur; but when combined, Form'd a whole, which, irregular in parts, Yet left a grand impression on the mind, At least of those whose eyes are in their hearts.

MAZEPPA

I.

'TWAS after dread Pultowa's day, When fortune left the royal Swede, Around a slaughter'd army lay, No more to combat and to bleed. The power and glory of the war, Faithless as their vain votaries, men, Had pass'd to the triumphant Czar, And Moscow's walls were safe again, Until a day more dark and drear, And a more memorable year, Should give to slaughter and to shame A mightier host and haughtier name; A greater wreck, a deeper fall, A shock to one-a thunderbolt to all.

Such was the hazard of the die : The wounded Charles was taught to fly, By day and night, through field and flood, Stain'd with his own and subjects' blood; For thousands fell that flight to aid : And not a voice was heard t'upbraid Ambition in his humbled hour, When truth had nought to dread from power His horse was slain, and Gieta gave His own-and died the Russians' slave. This too sinks after many a league Of well sustain'd, but vain fatigue ; And in the depth of forests, darkling, The watch-fires in the distance sparkling-The beacons of surrounding foes-

TI.

A king must lay his limbs at length. Are these the laurels and repose For which the nations strain their strength They laid him by a savage tree, In outworn nature's agony ; His wounds were stiff—his limbs were stark-The heavy hour was chill and dark ; The fever in his blood forbade A transient slumber's fitful aid : And thus it was; but yet, through all, Kinglike the monarch bore his fall,

BYRON'S POEMS.

And made, in this extreme of ill, His pangs the vassals of his will: All silent and subdued were they, As once the nations round him lay.

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III.

A band of chiefs !--alas ! how few, Since but the fleeting of a day Had thinn'd it; but this wreck was true And chivalrous : upon the clay Each sate him down, all sad and mute, Beside his monarch and his steed, For dancer lavale mass of !!

Beside his monarch and his steed, Beside his monarch and his steed, For danger levels man and brute, And all are fellows in their need. Among the rest, Mazeppa made His pillow in an old oak's shade,— Himself as rough, and scarce less old. The Ukraine's hetman, calm and bold: But first, outspent with this long course, The Cossack prince rubb'd down his horse, And made for him a leafy bed,

And smooth'd his fetlocks and his mane, And slack'd his girth, and stripp'd his rein, And joy'd to see how well he fed; For until now he had the dread His wearied courser might refuse To browse beneath the midnight dews But he was hardy as his lord, And little cared for bed and board : But spirited and docile too; Whate'er was to be done, would do. Shaggy and swift, and strong of limb, All Tartar-like he carried him; Obey'd his voice, and came to call, And knew him in the midst of all : Though thousands were around,—and Night Without a star, pursued her flight,— That steed from sunset until dawn His chief would follow like a fawn.

IV

This done, Mazeppa, spread his cloak, And laid his lance beneath his oak, Felt if his arms in order good The long day's march had well withstood— If still the powder fill'd the pan, And flints unloosen'd kept their lock— His sabre's hilt and scabbard felt, And whether they had chafed his belt— And whether they had chafed his belt— And next the venerable man, From out his havresack and can, Trepared and spread his slender stock, And to the monarch and his men The whole or portion offer'd then, With far less of inquietade

Than courtiers at a banquet would. And Charles of this his slender share With smiles partook a moment there. To force of cheer a greater show, And seem above both wounds and wee ;-And then he said—" Of all our band, Though firm of heart and strong of hand, In skirmish, march, or forage none Can less have said or more have done Than thee, Mazeppa? On the earth So fit a pair had never birth, Since Alexander's days till now, As thy Bucephalus and thou: All Scythia's fame to thine should yield For pricking on o'er flood and field." Mazeppa answer'd-" Ill betide The school wherein I learn'd to ride !" Quoth Charles-"Old Hetman, wherefore so, Mazeppa said—"Twere long to tell; And we have many a league to go, With every now and then a blow, And ten to one at least the foe, Before our steeds may graze at case Beyond the swift Borysthenes: And, sire, your limbs have need of rest. And I will be the sentinel Of this your troop."-"But I request," Said Sweden's monarch, "thou wilt tell. This tale of thine, and I may reap, Perchance, from this the boon of sleep; For at this moment from my eyes The hope of present slumber flies."

"Well, sire, with such a hope, I'll track My seventy years of memory back : I think 'twas in my twentieth spring,— Ay, 'twas when Casimir was king— John Casimir,-I was his page Six summers, in my earlier age: A learned monarch, faith | was he, And most unlike your majesty: He made no wars, and did not gain New realms to lose them back again ; And (save debates in Warsaw's Diet) He reign'd in most unseemly quiet; Not that he had no cares to vex, He loved the muses and the sex ; And sometimes these so froward are, They made him wish himself at war ; But soon his wrath being o'er, he took Another mistress, or new book ; And then he gave prodigious fêtes-All Warsaw gather'd round his gates To gaze upon his splendid court.

MAZZEPA.

Or at this hour I should not be

Telling old tales beneath a tree,

BYRON'S POEMS.

And dames, and chiefs, of princely port : He was the Polish Solomon, So sung his poets, all but one, Who, being unpension'd, made a satire, And boasted that he could not flatter. It was a court of jousts and mimes, Where every courtier tried at rhymes; Even I for once produced some verses. And sign'd my odes 'Despairing Thyrsis,' There was a certain Palatine, A count of far and high descent. Rich as a salt or silver mine ; And he was proud, ye may divine, As if from heaven he had been sent : He had such wealth in blood and ore As few could match beneath the throne And he would gaze upon his store, And o'er his pedigree would pore, Until by some confusion led, Which almost look'd like want of head, He thought their merits were his own. His wife was not of his opinion-His junior she by thirty years-Grew daily tired of his dominion : And, after wishes, hopes, and fears, To virtue a few farewell tears, A restless dream or two, some glances At Warsaw's youth, some songs and dances Awaited but the usual chances, Those happy accidents which render The coldest dames so very tender, To deck her Count with titles given, "Tis said, as passports into heaven; But, strange to say, they rarely boast Of these, who have deserved them most.

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"I was a goodly stripling then; At seventy years I so may say, That there were few, or boys or men, Who, in my dawning time of day, Of vassal or of knight's degree, Could vie in vanities with me; For I had strength, youth, gaiety, A port, not like to this ye see, But smooth, as all is rugged now; For time, and care, and war, have plough'd My very soul from out my brow; And thus I should be disavow'd By all my kind and kin, could they Compare my day and yesterday; This change was wrought, too, long ere age Had ta'en my features for his page: With years, ye know, have not declined My strength, my courage, or my mind,

With starless skies my canopy. But let me on: Theresa's form— Methinks it glides before me now, Between me and yon chestnut's bough, The memory is so quick and warm ; And yet I find no words to tell The shape of her I loved so well : She had the Asiatic eye, Such as our Turkish neighbourhood, Hath mingled with our Polish blood, Dark as above us is the sky; But through it stole a tender light, Like the first moonrise of midnight; Large, dark, and swimming in the stream, Which seem'd to melt to its own beam ; All love, half languor, and half fire, Like saints that at the stake expire, And lift their raptured looks on high, As though it were a joy to die. A brow like a midsummer lake, Transparent with the sun therein, When waves no murmur dare to make, And heaven beholds her face within. A cheek and lip-but why proceed? I loved her then-I love her still; And such as I am love indeed In fierce extremes-in good and ill. But still we love even in our rage, And haunted to our very age With the vain shadow of the past,

VI.

As is Mazeppa to the last.

"We met-we gazed-I saw, and sigh'd-She did not speak, and yet replied; There are ten thousand tones and signs We hear and see, but none defines-Involuntary sparks of thought, Which strike from out the heart c'erwrought And form a strange intelligence, Alike mysterious and intense, Which link the burning chain that binds, Without their will, young hearts and minds; Conveying, as the electric wire, We know not how, the absorbing fire.— I saw, and sigh'd—in silence wept, And still reluctant distance kept, Until I was made known to her, And we might then and there confer Without suspicion—then, even then, I long'd, and was resolved to speak; But on my lips they died again, The accents tremulous and weak. 2 N

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The Ukraine back again to live It o'er once more—and be a page, The happy page, who was the lord Of one soft heart, and his own sword, And had no other gem nor wealth Save nature's gift of youth and health.--We met in secret—doubly sweet, Some say, they find it so to meet; I know not that—I would have given My life but to have call'd her mine In the full view of earth and heaven; For I did oft and long repine That we could only meet by stealth.

VIII.

" For lovers there are many eyes, And such there were on us ;- the devil On such occasions should be civil-The devil !-- I'm lothe to do him wrong, It might be some untoward saint, Who would not be at rest too long, But to his pious bile gave vent-But one fair night, some lurking spies Surprised and seized us both. The Count was something more than wroth-I was unarm'd ; but if in steel, All cap-à-pie from head to heel. What 'gainst their numbers could 1 do ?-"Twas near his castle, far away From city or from succour near, And almost on the break of day; I did not think to see another, My moments seem'd reduced to few And with one prayer to Mary Mother, And, it may be, a saint or two, As I resign'd me to my fate, They led me to the castle gate : Theresa's doom I never knew, Our lot was henceforth separate .--An angry man, ye may opine, Was he, the proud Count Palatine; And he had reason good to be, But he was most enraged lest such An accident should chance to touch Upon his future pedigree; Nor less amazed, that such a blot His noble 'scutcheon should have got, While he was highest of his line; Because unto himself he seem'd The first of men, nor less he deem'd In other's eyes, and most in mine. 'Sdeath ! with a page-perchance a king Had reconciled him to the thing; But with a stripling of a page-I felt-but cannot paint his rage.

BYRON'S POEMS.

Until one hour.-There is a game, A frivolous and foolish play, Wherewith we while away the day; It is-I have forgot the name-And we to this, it seems, were set. By some strange chance, which I forget : I reck'd not if I won or lost, It was enough for me to be So near to hear, and oh ! to see The being whom I loved the most.— I watch'd her as a sentinel, (May ours this dark night watch as well !) Until I saw, and thus it was, That she was pensive, nor perceived Her occupation, nor was grieved Nor glad to lose or gain ; but still Play'd on for hours, as if her will Yet bound her to the place, though not That hers might be the winning lot. Then through my brain the thought did pass Even as a flash of lightning there, That there was something in her air Which would not doom me to despair; And on the thought my words broke forth, All incoherent as they were— Their eloquence was little worth, But yet she listen'd—'tis enough— Who listens once will listen twice: Her heart, be sure, is not of ice, And one refusal no rebuff.

VII.

" I loved, and was beloved again -They tell me, sire, you never knew Those gentle frailties ; if 'tis true, I shorten all my joy or pain; To you 'twould seem absurd as vain, But all men are not born to reign, Or o'er their passions, or as you Thus o'er themselves and nations too. I am-or rather was-a prince, A chief of thousands, and could lead Them on where each would foremost bleed But could not o'er myself evince The like control-but to resume : I loved, and was beloved again ; In sooth, it is a happy doom, But yet where happiest ends in pain.-We met in secret, and the hour Which led me to that lady's bower Was flery Expectation's dower. My days and nights were nothing—all Except that hour which doth recall In the long lapse from youth to age No other like itself—I'd give

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BYRON'S FORMS.

IX. "'Bring forth the horse !'-- the horse was brought In truth, he was a noble steed, A Tartar of the Ukraine breed, A Tartar of the Ukraine breed, Who look'd as though the speed of thought Were in his limbs; but he was wild, Wild as the wild deer, and untaught, With spur and bridle undefiled— 'Twas but a day he had been caught

And snorting, with erected mane. And struggling fiercely, but in vain, In the full foam of wrath and dread To me the desert-born was led : They bound me on, that menial throng, Upon his back with many a thong; They loosed him with a sudden lash-Away !-- away !-- and on we dash !--Torrents less rapid and less rash.

" Away !- away !- My breath was gone-I saw not where he hurried on : 'Twas scarcely yet the break of day, And on he foam'd-away !-away !-The last of human sounds which rose. As I was darted from my fees, Was the wild shout of savage laughter, Which on the wind came roaring after A moment from that rabble rout :

A moment from that rabble rout: With sudden wrath I wrench'd my head, And snapp'd the cord, which to the mane Had bound my neck in lieu of rein, And writhing half my form about, How'd back my curse; but 'midst the tread, The thunder of my courser's speed, Perchance they did not hear nor heed. It vexes me-for I would fain Have paid their insult back again. I paid it well in after days: There is not of that castle gate. Its drawbridge and portcullis' weight, Stone, bar, moat, bridge, or barrier left : Nor of its fields a blade of grass, Save what grows on a ridge of wall,

Where stood the hearth-stone of the hall And many a time ye there might pass, Nor dream that e'er that fortress was: I saw its turrets in a blaze.

Their crackling battlements all cleft, And the hot lead pour down like rain From off the scorch'd and blackening roof, Whose thickness was not vengeance-proof. They little thought that day of pain,

When launch'd, as on the lightning's flash,

They hade me to destruction dash. That one day I should come again, With twice five thousand horse, to thank The Count for his uncourteous ride. They play'd me then a bitter prank, When, with the wild horse for my guide, They bound me to his foaming flank: At length I play'd them one as frank— For time at last sets all things even— And if we do but watch the hour, There never yet was human power Which could evade, if unforgiven, The patient search and vigil long Of him who treasures up a wrong.

XI.

"Away, away, my steed and I, Upon the pinions of the wind, All human dwellings left behind; We sped like meteors through the sky, When with its crackling sound the night Is chequer'd with the northern light: Town-village-none were on our track, But a wild plain of far extent, And bounded by a forest black;

And, save the scarce seen battlement On distant heights of some strong hold, Against the Tartars built of old, No trace of man. The year before A Turkish army had march'd o'er; And where the Spahi's hoof hath trod, The verdure flies the bloody sod :--The sky was dull, and dim, and gray,

The sky was dull, and dim, and gray, And a low breeze crept moaning by— 1 could have answer'd with a sigh— But fast we fied, away, away— And I could neither sigh nor pray; And my cold sweat-drops fell like rain Upon the courser's bristling mane; But, snorting still with rage and fear, He flew upon his far career: At times I almost thought, indeed, He must have slacken'd in his speed; But no-my hound and slender frame But no-my bound and slender frame Was nothing to his angry might,

Was nothing to his angry might, And merely like a spur became: Each motion which I made to free My swoln limbs from their agony Increased his fury and affright: I tried my voice,—'twas faint and low, But yet he swerved as from a blow; And, starting to each accent, sprang As from a sudden trumpet's clang: Mannima my cerds were wet with core Moantime my cords were wet with gore, Which oozing through my limbs, ran o'er ;

BYRON'S POEMS.

And in my tongue the thirst became A something fierier far than flame.

XII.

"We near'd the wild wood—'twas so wide, I saw no bounds on either side : "Twas studded with old sturdy trees, That bent not to the roughest breeze Which howls down from Siberia's waste, And strips the forest in its haste,— But these were few, and far between Set thick with shrubs more young and green, Luxuriant with their annual leaves, Ere strown by those autumnal eves That nip the forest's foliage dead, Discolour'd with a lifeless red, Which stands thereon like stiffen'd gore Upon the slain when battle's o'er, And some long winter's night hath shed Its frost o'er every tombless head, So cold and stark the rayen's beak May peck unpierced each frozen cheek : "Twas a wild waste of underwood, And here and there a chestnut stood, The strong oak, and the hardy pine ;

But far apart—and well it were, Or else a different lot were mine—

The boughs gave way, and did not tear My limbs; and I found strength to bear My wounds, already scarr'd with cold— My bonds forbade to loose my hold. We rustled through the leaves like wind, Left shrubs, and trees, and wolves behind . By night I heard them on the track. Their troop came hard upon our back, With their long gallop, which can tire The hound's deep hate, and hunter's fire : Where'er we flew they followed on, Nor left us with the morning sun ; Behind I saw them, scarce a rood, At daybreak winding through the wood, And through the night had heard their feet Their stealing, rustling step repeat. Oh! how I wish'd for spear or sword, At least to die amidst the horde, And perish—if it must be so— At bay, destroying many a foe. When first my courser's race begun, I wish'd the goal already won; But now I doubted strength and speed. Vain doubt | his swift and savage breed Had nerved him like the mountain-roe; Nor faster falls the blinding snow Which whelms the peasant near the door Whose threshold he shall cross no more.

Bewilder'd with the dazzling blast, Than through the forest-paths he pass'd--Untired, untamed, and worse than wild; All furious as a favour'd child Balk'd of its wish; or forcer still--A woman piqued--who has her will.

XIII.

"The wood was past; 'twas more than noon, But chill the air, although in June ; Or it might be my veins ran cold-Prolong'd endurance tames the bold ; And I was then not what I seem, But headlong as a wintry stream, And wore my feelings out before I well could count their causes o'er : And what with fury, fear, and wrath, The tortures which beset my path, Cold, hunger, sorrow, shame, distress, Thus bound in nature's nakedness; Sprung from a race whose rising blood. When stirt'd beyond its calmer mood, And trodden hard upon, is like The rattlesnake's, in act to strike, What marvel if this worn-out trunk Beneath its woes a moment sunk ? The earth gave way, the skies roll'd round, I seem'd to sink upon the ground; But err'd, for I was fastly bound. My heart turned sick, my brain grew sore, And throbb' ! awhile, then beat no more : The skies spun like a mighty wheel; I saw the trees like drunkards reel, And a slight flash sprang o'er my eyes, Which saw no further : he who dies Can die no more than then I died. O'er-tortured by that ghastly ride, I felt the blackness come and go, And strove to wake; but could not make My senses climb up from below : I felt as on a plank at sea, When all the waves that dash o'er thee, At the same time upheave and whelm, And hurl thee towards a desert realm. My undulating life was as The fancied lights that flitting pass Our shut eyes in deep midnight, when Fever begins upon the brain; But soon it pass'd, with little pain, But a confusion worse than such: I own that I should deem it much,

But a confusion worse than such: I own that I should deem it much, Dying, to feel the same again ; And yet I do suppose we must Feel far more ere we turn to dust : 5

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BYRON'S POEMS.

No matter; I have bared my brow Fail in Death's face-before-and now.

XIV.

" My thoughts came back ; where was If Cold, And numb, and giddy : pulse by pulse Life reassumed its lingering hold And throb by throb : till grown a pang Which for a moment would convulse, My blood reflow'd though thick and chill My ear with uncouth noises rang, My heart began once more to thrill ; My sight return'd, though dini ; alas ! And thicken'd, as it were, with glass. Methought the dash of waves was nigh ; There was a gleam too of the sky, Studded with stars; —it is no dream ; The wild horse swims the wilder stream . The bright broad river's gashing tide Sweeps, winding onward, far and wide, And we are half-way, struggling o'er To yon unknown and silent shore. The waters broke my hollow trance, And with a temporary strength My stiffen'd limbs were rebaptized.

My schen a limbs were recapitzed. My courser's broad breast proudly braves, And dashes off the ascending waves, And onward we advance!

We reach the slippery shore at length, A haven I but little prized, For all behind was dark and drear And all before was night and fear. How many hours of night or day In those suspended pangs I lay, I could not tell; I searcely knew If this were human breath I drew.

XV.

"With glossy skin, and dripping mane, And reeling limbs, and reeking flank, The wild steed's sinewy nerves still strain Up the repelling bank. We gain the top: a boundless plain Spreads through the shadow of the night, And onward, onward, onward, seems, Like precipices in our dreams, To stretch beyond the sight; And here and there a speck of white, Or scatter'd spot of dusky green, In masses broke into the light, As rose the moon upon my right. But nought distinctly seen In the dim waste would indicate The omen of a cottage gate : No twinkling taper from afar Stood like a hospitable star ; Not even an ignis-fatuus rose To make him merry with my woes : That very cheat had cheer'd me then t Although detected, welcome still, Reminding me, through every ill, Of the abodes of men.

XVI.

"Onward we went-but slack and slow; His savage force at length o'erspent, The drooping courser, faint and low, All feebly foaming went. A sickly infant had had power To guide him forward in that hour : But useless all to me. His new-born tameness nought avail'd-My limbs were bound ; my force had fail'd Perchance, had they been free. With feeble effort still I tried To rend the bonds so starkly tied-But still it was in vain; My limbs were only wrung the more, And soon the idle strife gave o'er, Which but prolonged their pain: The dizzy race seem'd almost done, The dizzy race seen a amost done, Although no goal was nearly won: Some streaks announced the coming sun-How slow, alas ! he came ! Methought that mist of dawning gray Would never dapple into day ; How heavily it roll'd away— Defens the caston flame Before the eastern flame Rose crimson, and deposed the stars, And call'd the radiance from their cars, And fill'd the earth, from his deep throne. With lonely lustre, all his own,

XVII.

" Up rose the sun; the mists were curl'd Back from the solitary world Whith lay around—behind—before; What booted it to traverse o'er Plain, forest, river? Man nor brute, Nor dint of hoof, nor print of foot, Lay in the wild luxuriant soil; No sign of travel—none of toil; The very air was mute; And not an insect's shrill small horn, Nor matin bird's new voice was borne From herb nor thicket. Many a werst Pauting as if his heart would burst, The weary brute still stagger'd on; And still we were—or seen'd alone : At length, while reeling on our way.

MAZEPPA. That makes us feel at length resign'd

To that which our foreboding years Presents the worst and last of fears

BYRON'S POEMS.

Methought I heard a courser neigh, From out you tuft of blackening firs. Is it the wind those branches stirs ? No, no! from out the forest prance A trampling troop ; I see them come ! In one vast squadron they advance! I strove to cry-my lips were dumb. The steeds rush on in plunging pride : But where are they the reins to guide ! A thousand horse-and none to ride With flowing tail, and flying mane, Wide nostrils—never stretch'd by pain, Mouths bloodless to the bit or rein, And feet that iron never shod, And flanks unscarr'd by spur or rod, A thousand horse, the wild, the free, Like waves that follow o'er the sea, Came thickly thundering on, As if our faint approach to meet; The sight re-nerved my courser's feet, A moment staggering, feebly fleet, A moment, with a feint low neigh, He answer'd, and then fell; With gasps and glazing eyes he lay, And reeking limbs immoveable, His first and last career is done! On came the troop—they saw him stoop, They saw me strangely bound along His back with many a bloody thong: They stop—they start—they snuff the air, Gallop a moment here and there, Approach, retire, wheel round and round, Then plunging back with sudden bound, Headed by one black mighty steed, Who seem'd the patriarch of his breed. Without a single speck or hair

Of white upon his shaggy hide; They snort—they foam—neigh—swerve aside And backward to the forest fly, By instinct, from a human eye.—

By instinct, from a human eye.— They left me there to my despair, Link'd to the dead and stiffening wretch, Whose lifeless limbs beneath me stretch, Relieved from that unwonted weight, From whence I could not extricate Nor him nor me—and there we lay The dying on the dead 1 I little deem'd another day

Would see my houseless, helpless head.

"And there from morn till twilight bound, I feit the heavy hours toil round, With just enough of life to see My last of suns go down on me, In hopeless certainty of mind, Inevitable—even a boon, Nor more unkind for coming soon ; Yet shunn'd and dreaded with such care, As if it only were a snare That prudence might escape: At times both wish'd for and implored, At times sought with self-pointed sword, Yet still a dark and hideous close To even intolerable woes, And welcome in no shape. And, strange to say, the sons of pleasure, They who have revell'd beyond measure In beauty, wassail, wine, and treasure, Die calm, or calmer, oft than he Whose heritage was misery: For he who hath in turn run through All that was beautiful and new, Hath nought to hope, and nought to leave; And, save the future (which is view'd Not quite as men are base or good, But as their nerves may be endued), With nought perhaps to grieve :--The wretch still hopes his woes must end, And Death, whom he should deem his friend, Appears, to his distemper'd eyes, Arrived to rob him of his prize, The tree of his new Paradise. To-morrow would have given him all, Repaid his pangs, repair'd his fall; To-morrow would have been the first Of days no more deplored or curst, But bright, and long, and beekoning years, Seen dazzling through the mist of tears, Chardrow of means a mist of tears,

XVIII.

" The sun was sinking—still I lay Chain'd to the chill and stiffening steed,
I thought to mingle there our clay; And my dim eyes of death hath need,
No hope arose of being freed:
I cast my last looks up the sky,
And there between me and the sun
I saw the expecting raven fly,
Who scarce would wait till both should die,
Bre his repast begun;
He flew and perch'd, then flew once more,
And his wing through twilight flit,

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ODE ON VENICE.

BYRON'S FOEMS.

And once so near me he alit I could have smote, but lack'd the strength; But the slight motion of my hand, And feeble scratching of the sand, The exerted throat's faint struggling noise, Which scarcely could be call'd a voice, Together scared him off at length.---I know no more----my latest dream Is something of a lovely star Which fix'd my dull eyes from afar, And went and came with wandering beam And of the cold, dull, swimming, dense Sensation of recurring sense, And then subsiding back to death, And then again a little breath,

A little thrill, a short suspense, An icy sickness curdling o'er My heart, and sparks than cross'd my brain – A gasp, a throb, a start of pain, A sigh, and nothing more.

XIX.

"I woke—Where was I?—Do I see A human face look down on me ? And doth a roof above me close ? Do these limbs on a couch repose ? Is this a chamber where I lie ? And is it mortal, yon bright eye, That watches me with gentle glance ? I closed my own again once more, As doubtful that the former trance Could not as yet be o'er. A slender girl, long-hair'd, and tall, Sate watching by the cottage wall ; The sparkle of her eye I caught, Even with my first return of thought ; For ever and anon she threw A prying, pitying glance on me

A prying, pitying glance on me With her black eyes so wild and free: I gazed, and gazed, until I knew No vision it could be,— But that I lived, and was released

But that I lived, and was released From adding to the vulture's feast: And when the Cossack maid beheld My heavy eyes at length unseal'd, She smiled—and I essay'd to speak,

But fail'd—and she approach'd, and made With lip and finger signs that said, I must not strive as yet to break The silence, till my strength should be Enough to leave my accents free; And then her hand on mine she laid; And smooth'd the pillow for my head, And stole along on tiptoe tread, And gently oped the door, and snake In whispers—ne'er was voice so sweet! Even music follow'd her light feet ;— But those she call'd were not awake, And she went forth ; but, ere she pass'd, Another look on me she cast, Another sign she made, to say, That I had not to fear, that all Were near, at my command or call, And she would not delay Her due return :—while she was gone, Methought I felt too much alone.

XX.

"She came with mother and with sire-What need of more ?-I will not tire With long recital of the rest. Since I became the Cossack's guest They found me senseless on the plain-They bore me to the nearest hut-They brought me into life again-Me-one day o'er their realm to reign ! Thus the vain fool who strove to glut His rage, refining on my pain, Sent me forth to the wilderness, Bound, naked, bleeding, and alone, To pass the desert to a throne,-What mortal his own doom may guess ?--Let none despond, let none despair! To-morrow the Borysthenes May see our coursers graze at ease Upon his Turkish bank,-and never Had I such welcome for a river As I shall yield when safely there. Comrades, good night!"-The Hetman threw His length beneath the oak-tree shade, With leafy couch already made, A bed nor comfortless nor new To him, who took his rest whene'er The hour arrived, no matter where: His eyes the hastening slumbers steep. And if ye marvel Charles forgot To thank his tale, he wonder'd not,-The king had been an hour asleep.

ODE ON VENICE.

I.

O Venice! Venice! when thy marble walls Are level with the waters, there shall be A cry of nations o'er thy sunken halls, A loud lament along the sweeping sea! If I, a northern wanderer, weep for thee, What should thy sons do?—anything but weep And yet they only murmur in their sleen.

ODE ON VENICE.

BYRON'S POEMS.

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In contrast with their fathers-as the slime, The dull green coze of the receding deep, Is with the dashing of the spring-tide foam, That drives the sailor shipless to his home, Are they to those that were; and thus they creep, Crouching and crab-like, through their sapping streets. Oh! agony—that centuries should reap No mellower harvest | Thirteen hundred years Of wealth and glory turn'd to dust and tears; And every monument the stranger meets, Church, palace, pillar, as a mourner greets; And even the Lion all subdued appears, And the harsh sound of the barbarian drum, With dull and daily dissonance, repeats The echo of thy tyrant's voice along The soft waves once all musical to song, That heaved beneath the moonlight with the throng Of gondolas—and to the busy hum Of cheerful creatures, whose most sinful deeds Were but the overbeating of the heart, And flow of too much happiness, which needs The aid of age to turn its course apart From the luxuriant and voluptuous flood Of sweet sensations, battling with the blood. But these are better than the gloomy errors, The weeds of nations in their last decay The weeks of nations in their last decay When Vice walks forth with her unsoften'd terrors, And Mirth is madness, and but smiles to slay; And Hope is nothing but a false delay, The sick man's lightning balf an hour ere death, When Faintness, the last mortal birth of Pain, And apathy of limb, the dull beginning Of the cold staggering race which Death is winning, Steals vein by vein and pulse by pulse away; Yet so relieving the o'er-tortured clay, To him appears renewal of his breath, And freedom the mere numbness of his chain ;--And then he talks of life, and how again And of the fresher air, which he would seek; And of the fresher air, which he would seek; And as he whispers knows not that he gaps, That his thin finger feels not what it clasps, And so the film comes o'er him—and the dizzy Chamber swims round and round—and shadows busy At which he vainly catches, flit and gleam, Till the last rattle chokes the strangled scream, And all is ice and blackness,-and the earth That which it was the moment ere our birth.

II.

There is no hope for nations !- Search the page Of many thousand years-the daily scene, The flow and ebb of each recurring age, The everlasting to be which hath been Hath taught us nought or little : still we lean On things that rot beneath our weight, and wear Our strength away in wrestling with the air ; For 'tis our nature strikes us down : the beasts Slaughter'd in hourly hecatombs for feasts Are of as high an order-they must go Even where their driver goads them, though to slaughter Ye men, who pour your blood for kings as water, What have they given your blood for kings as water, What have they given your children in return ? A heritage of servitude and wees, A blindfold bondage, where your hire is blows. What ! do not yet the red-hot ploughshares burn, O'er which you stumble in a false ordeal, And deem this proof of loyalty the *real*; Kission the hord that switch you to use scare Kissing the hand that guides you to your scars, And glorying as you tread the glowing bars? All that your sires have left you, all that Time Bequeaths of free, and History of sublime, Spring from a different theme !- Ye see and read, Admire and sigh, and then succumb and bleed! Save the few spirits, who, despite of all, And worse than all, the sudden crimes engender'd By the down-thundering of the prison-wall, And thirst to swallow the sweet waters tendered, Gushing from Freedom's fountains—when the crowd, Madden'd with centuries of drought, are loud, And trample on each other to obtain The cup which brings oblivion of a chain Heavy and sore,—in which long yoked they plough'd The sand,—or if there sprung the yellow grain, 'Twas not for them, their necks were too much bow'd. And their dead palates chew'd the cud of pain --Yes! the few spirits-who, despite of deeds Which they abhor, confound not with the cause Those momentary starts from Nature's laws, Which, like the pestilence and earthquake, snite But for a term, then pass, and leave the earth With all her seasons to repair the blight With a few summers, and again put forth Cities and generations-fair, when free-For, Tyranny, there blooms no bud for thee!

III.

Glory and Empire! once upon these towers With Freedom-godlike Triad ! how ye sate ! The league of mightiest nations, in those hours When Venice was an envy, might abate, But did not quench, her spirit—in her fate All were enwrapp'd: the feasted monarchs knew And loved their hostess, nor could learn to hate, lithough they humbled—with the kingly few The many felt, for from all days and climes She was the voyager's worship !- even her crimes Were of the softer order-born of Love She drank no blood, nor fatten'd on the dead, But gladden'd where her harmless conquests spread

BYRON'S POEMS.

For these restor'd the Cross, that from above Hallow'd her sheltering banners, which incessant Flew between earth and the unholy Crescent, Which, if it waned and dwindled, Earth may thank The city it has clothed in chains, which clank Now, creaking in the ears of those who owe The name of Freedom to her glorious struggles; Yet she but shares with them a common wee, And call'd the "kingdom" of a conquering foe,--But knows what all--and, most of all, we know---With what set gilded terms a tyrant juggles!

IV.

The name of Commonwealth is past and gone O'er the three fractions of the groaning globe Venice is crush'd, and Holland deigns to own A sceptre, and endures the purple robe : If the free Switzer yet bestrides alone His chainless mountains, 'tis but for a time, For tyranny of late is cunning grown. And in its own good season tramples down The sparkles of our ashes. One great clime, Whose vigorous off-pring by dividing ocean Are kept apart and nursed in the devotion Of Freedom, which their fathers fought for, and Bequeath'd—a heritage of heart and kand, And proud distinction from each other land, Whose sons must bow them at a monarch's motion, As if his senseless sceptre were a wand Full of the magic of exploded science-Still one great clime, in full and free defiance, Yet rears her crest, unconquer'd and sublime, Above the far Atlantic !- She has taught Above the far Atlantic :-- She has taught Her Esau-brethren that the haughty flag, The floating fence of Albion's feebler erag, May strike to those whose red right hands have bought Rights cheaply earn'd with blood. Still, still, for ever Better, though each man's life-blood were a river, That it should flow, and overflow, than ercep Through thousand lazy channels in our veins, Damm'd like the dull canal with locks and chains, And moving as a side men in bin slow. And moving, as a sick man in his sleep, Three paces, and then faltering.—better be Where the extinguish'd Spartans still are free, In their proud charnel of Thermopylæ; Than stagnate in our marsh,-or o'er the deep Fly, and one current to the ocean add, One spirit to the souls our fathers had, One freeman more, America, to thee !

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