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| marshmallow, <i>n.</i> | mārsh'mal-ō | massagist, <i>n.</i> | ma-sā'zhiist |
| martellato, <i>n.</i> | mār-tel-lā'tō† | massé, <i>n.</i> and <i>v.</i> | ma-sā' |
| martial, <i>a.</i> | mār'sha*l (warlike) | masseur, <i>n.</i> | ma-sēr' |
| Martian, <i>a.</i> | mār'sha*n (pertaining to Mars) | masseuse, <i>n.</i> | ma-séz' |
| martingale, <i>n.</i> | mār'-ting-gāl | massiveness, <i>n.</i> | mās'iv-nes |
| or | or | masterful, <i>a.</i> | mās'tér-fül |
| martingal | mār'ting-gal | masterly, <i>a.</i> | mās'tér-li |
| | | mastery, <i>n.</i> | mās'tér-i |
| | International gives mār'tin-gā†l or mār'tin-ga*l; Webster reverses International's pronunciations. | | Beginning with masterful, Webster gives "te*r" for the second syllable. |
| Mascarene, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mas-ka*-rēn' (inhabitants of Mascarene Islands) | masticate, <i>v.</i> | mas'ti-kāt |
| mascazon, <i>n.</i> | mas'ka*-ro*n (a face of a satyr or faun used in decorative art) | masticatory, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mas'ti-kā†-tō†-ri |
| mascherone, <i>n.</i> | mās-ke-rō'ne (Italian, a grotesque human mask) | mastodon, <i>n.</i> | mas'tō†don |
| mascle, <i>n.</i> | mas'kl (a plate of steel used in armor) | mat, <i>n.</i> | mat |
| masced, <i>a.</i> | mas'kld (pertaining to mascles) | matelassé, <i>n.</i> | mat-las'ā (raised pattern of silk) |
| mascot, <i>n.</i> | mas'ko*t | matelote, <i>n.</i> | mat'e-lōt (fish served with a sauce of wine) |
| masculine, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mas'kū†-lin | matelotte, <i>n.</i> | mat'e-lot (an old sailor's dance) |
| masculineness, <i>n.</i> | mas'kū†-lin-nes | mater, <i>n.</i> | mā'tér (alma mater, cherished mother) |
| masculinity, <i>n.</i> | mas-kū†-lin'i*-ti | material, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mā†-tē'ri-a*l |
| mash, <i>v.</i> | mash | materialist, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | mā†-tē'ri-a*l-ist |
| mask, <i>n.</i> | māsk | materialism, <i>n.</i> | mā†-tē'ri-a*l-izm |
| maskalonge, <i>n.</i> | mas'ka*-lonj (a pickerel or pike) | | Beginning with material, Standard and Webster give "ma*," International gives "mä" for the first syllable. |
| masker, <i>n.</i> | mās'kēr | materia medica | mā†-tē'ri-ā* med'i-kā* |
| mason, <i>n.</i> | mā'sn | materies, <i>n.</i> | mā†-tē'ri-ēz |
| masonry, <i>n.</i> | mā'sn-ri | maternal, <i>a.</i> | mā†-tēr'na*l |
| Masora, <i>n.</i> | mas'ō†-rā* (Hebrew tradition) | maternity, <i>n.</i> | mā†-tēr'ni*-ti |
| or | | mathematics, <i>n.</i> | math-ē†-mat'iks |
| Massorah | same | matin, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | mat'in |
| masquerade, <i>n.</i> | mas-kā*-rād' | matinal, <i>a.</i> | mat'i-n*al |
| massacre, <i>n.</i> and <i>v.</i> | mas'a*-kēr | matinée, <i>n.</i> | mat-i-nā' |
| massage, <i>n.</i> and <i>v.</i> | ma-sāzh' | matral, <i>a.</i> | mā'tra*l (term used in physiology) |
| | | matrass, <i>n.</i> | mat'ra*s |
| | Standard gives mās-sāzh', <i>v.</i> , mas'āj or mās-sāzh', <i>n.</i> ; International gives mas-sāj; French, mā-sāzh'. | | International gives mā-tras' or mat'ras. |
| | | matricide, <i>n.</i> | mat'ri-sid |
| | | matriculate, <i>v.</i> | mā†-trik'ū†-lāt |
| | | matrimony, <i>n.</i> | mat'ri-mō†-ni |

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| matrix, <i>n.</i> | mā'triks or mat'riks | measure, <i>n.</i> and <i>v.</i> | mez'h'ū*r Standard gives mezh'ūr or mezh'ū*r; International gives mezh'ūr; Webster gives mezh'ūr. |
| | International and Webster give the first pronunciation only. | mechanic, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | mē†-kan'ik |
| matron, <i>n.</i> | mā'tro*n or mat'ro*n | mechanist, <i>n.</i> | mek'a*-nist |
| | Standard gives Century's first pronunciation and mā'tro*n; International and Webster give Century's first pronunciation only. | medalist, <i>n.</i> | med'a*l-ist |
| matronage, <i>n.</i> | mā'tro*n-āj or mat'ro*n-āj | or | |
| | Standard and Webster give the second pronunciation; International reverses the order. | medallist | same |
| matronymic, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | mat-rō†-nim'ik (pertaining to maternal ancestor) | medallic, <i>a.</i> | mē†-dal'ik |
| | | medallion, <i>n.</i> | mē†-dal'yo*n |
| mattress, <i>n.</i> | mat'res (bed) | medial, <i>n.</i> | mē'di-a*l |
| mature, <i>a.</i> and <i>v.</i> | mā†-tūr' | median, <i>a.</i> | mē'di-a*n |
| maudlin, <i>a.</i> | mād'lin | mediate, <i>a.</i> | mē'dē-ā†† |
| mausoleum, <i>n.</i> | mā-sō†-lē'um | | Standard gives mē'di-et and Century's pronunciation. |
| mauve, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | mōv (purple; as, mauve silk) | medical, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | med'i-ka*l |
| | | medicament, <i>n.</i> | med'i-ka*-me*nt (a healing substance) |
| max, <i>n.</i> | maks (a kind of gin) | medicinal, <i>a.</i> | mē†-dis'i-na*l |
| maxilla, <i>n.</i> | mak-sil'ā* | mediety, <i>n.</i> | mē*-dī'e-ti (the middle course) |
| mayonnaise, <i>n.</i> | mā-on-āz' | medieval, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mē-di-ē'va*l or |
| mayor, <i>n.</i> | mā'o*r or mār | mediaeval | same |
| | Standard and International give the first pronunciation. | mediocr, <i>a.</i> | mē'di-ō-kra*l (same as mediocre) |
| mayoralty, <i>n.</i> | mā'o*r-a*l-ti | mediocre, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mē'di-ō-kēr Webster gives mē'di-ō-kr. |
| mazarine, <i>n.</i> | maz-a*-rēn' | mediocrity, <i>n.</i> | mē-di-ok'ri*-ti |
| meadow, <i>n.</i> | med'ō | meerscham, <i>n.</i> | mēr'shām or mēr'shum |
| | International gives med'ō†. | | Standard gives the first pronunciation and mār'shōum; International and Webster give mēr'shām. |
| measle, <i>n.</i> | mē'zl | melancholia, <i>n.</i> | mel-a*n-kō'li-ā* |
| measurable, <i>a.</i> | mez'h'ū*r-a*-bl | melancholic, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mel-a*n-kol'ik |
| | Standard gives mezh'ūr-a*-bl; International gives mezh'ūr-ā-bl; Webster gives mezh'ūr-a*-bl. | melancholy, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | mel'a*n-kol-i |
| | | mélange, <i>n.</i> | mā-loīng'h' (French, a mixture, a medley) |
| | | melasma, <i>n.</i> | me-las'mā* (disease of the skin) |

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| mélée, <i>n.</i> | mā-lā' (a confused conflict) | menace, <i>v.</i> | men'āts |
| meliorate, <i>v.</i> | mē'lyo*-rāt | menage, <i>n.</i> | me-nāzh' (a household) |
| meliorism, <i>n.</i> | mē'lyo*-rizm (a mean between optimism and pessimism) | menagerie, <i>n.</i> | me-naj'e*-ri or me-nazh'e*-ri |
| meliorist, <i>a.</i> and <i>v.</i> | mē'lyo*-rist (one who accepts the doctrine of meliorism) | Standard gives the first pronunciation only; International gives men-azh'ér-y or mē†-naj'ér-i; Webster gives Century's second pronunciation. | |
| mellifluent, <i>a.</i> | me-lif'lō†-e*nt (flowing like honey) | mendacious, <i>a.</i> | men-dā'shus |
| mellifluently, <i>adv.</i> | me-lif'lō†-e*nt-li (flowing smoothly) | mendicant, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | men'di-ka*nt |
| mellifluous, <i>a.</i> | me-lif'lō†-us (same as mellifluent) | menial, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mē'ni-a*†l International gives mēn'ya*†l or mē'ni-a*†l. |
| Beginning with mellifluent International gives "lū†" for the third syllable. | | meningitis, <i>n.</i> | men-in-jī'tis Standard gives Century's pronunciation and men-in-gē'tis. |
| mellow, <i>a.</i> | mel'ō | mensurate, <i>v.</i> | men'sū*-rāt ("s" is variable to "sh") Standard and International give men'shū-rāt; Webster gives men'shō-rāt. |
| melodic, <i>a.</i> | me-lod'ik | mentor, <i>n.</i> | men'to*r |
| melodious, <i>a.</i> | me-lō'di-us | menu, <i>n.</i> | me*-nū' (a bill of fare) |
| melodist, <i>n.</i> | mel'ō†-dist | mercantile, <i>a.</i> | mēr'ka*n-til |
| melodrama, <i>n.</i> | mel-ō†-drā'mā* | mercenary, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mēr'se-nā†-ri Standard gives mēr'sē†-ne*-ri; International gives mēr'sē†-nā†-ri; Webster gives mēr'se*-na*-ri. |
| Standard gives Century's pronunciation and mel-ō†-drā'mā*; International gives mel-ō†-drā'mā or mel-ō†-drā'mā; Webster gives International's second pronunciation. | | merchant, <i>n.</i> | mēr'cha*nt |
| melodramatist, <i>n.</i> | mel-ō†-dram'a*-tist | merciful, <i>a.</i> | mēr'si-fūl |
| melograph, <i>n.</i> | mel'ō†-grāf | mercurial, <i>a.</i> | mēr-kū'ri-a*†l |
| melon, <i>n.</i> | mel'o*n | mercy, <i>n.</i> | mēr'si |
| membrane, <i>n.</i> | mem'brān | mésalliance, <i>n.</i> | mā-zal-li-ōis' (an improper alliance) |
| membranous, <i>a.</i> | mem'brā†-nus | mesmerism, <i>n.</i> | mez'mēr-izm |
| memoir, <i>n.</i> | mem'wor or mē'mōr | mesmerize, <i>v.</i> | mez'mēr-iz Webster gives mez'me*r-izm, mez'me*r-iz. |
| Standard gives the first pronunciation; International and Webster give the first pronunciation and mēm'wor. | | mesne, <i>n.</i> | mēn (in law, middle) |
| memorable, <i>a.</i> | mem'ō†-ra*-bl | message, <i>n.</i> | mes'ā†j |
| memorandum, <i>n.</i> | mem-ō†-ran'dum | metempsychosis, <i>n.</i> | me-temp-si-kō'sis (transmigration of the soul) |
| memoranda, <i>n.</i> (plur) | mem-ō†-ran'dā* | meteoric, <i>a.</i> | mē-tē†-or'ik |
| memorial, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mē†-mō'-ri-a*†l | meter, <i>n.</i> | mē'tēr or same |
| memorist, <i>n.</i> | mem'ō†-rist | metre | same |

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| methinks, <i>impers. v.</i> | mē†-thingks' | Standard gives Century's pronunciation and mi-kros'kō†-pist; International and Webster give mi-kros'kō†-pist and Century's pronunciation. | |
| metope, <i>n.</i> | met'ō†-pē | microscopy, <i>n.</i> | mī'krō†-skō-pi Standard gives Century's pronunciation and mi-kros'kō†-pi; International and Webster give mī-kros'kō†-pi. |
| metrical, <i>a.</i> | met'ri-ka*†l | microseme, <i>a.</i> | mī'krō†-sēm International gives Century's pronunciation and mik'rō†-sēm. |
| metrics, <i>n.</i> | met'riks | microspore, <i>n.</i> | mī'krō†-spōr |
| metritis, <i>n.</i> | mē†-trī'tis Standard gives Century's pronunciation and mē†-trē'tis. | migration, <i>n.</i> | mī-grā'shō*n |
| metronome, <i>n.</i> | met'rō†-nōm | migratory, <i>a.</i> | mī'grā†-tō†-ri |
| Mexican, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mek'si-ka*n | Milanese, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mil-a*n-ēs' or mil-a*n-ēz' Standard gives the first pronunciation; International reverses the order; Webster gives the second pronunciation. |
| mezza-majolica, <i>n.</i> | med-zā*-mā†-jol'i-kā* (early Italian pottery) | mileage, <i>n.</i> | mī'lā†j |
| mezzo, <i>a.</i> | med'zō (in music, middle) | military, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mil'i-tā†-ri Standard gives mil'i-te*-ri. |
| mezzo-rilievo, <i>n.</i> | med-zō†-rē-lyā'vō† (in sculpture, middle relief) | militia, <i>n.</i> | mi-lish'ā* |
| mezzotint, <i>n.</i> | mez'ō†-tint (a method of engraving) | miniature, <i>n.</i> | min'i-a*-tū†r ("t" is variable to "ch") Standard gives min'i-a*-chūr or min'i-a†-tū*r; Webster gives min'i-a*-tūr or min'it-ūr. |
| miasma, <i>n.</i> | mī-az'mā* (malaria) Standard gives mi-az'mā* and Century's pronunciation. | minion, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | min'yo*n |
| mica, <i>n.</i> | mī'kā* | minister, <i>n.</i> | min'is-tēr |
| Michaelmas, <i>n.</i> | mīk'el-mā*s | ministerial, <i>a.</i> | min-is-tē'ri-a*†l |
| microbe, <i>n.</i> | mī'krōb Standard and International give Century's pronunciation and mik'rōb. | mink, <i>n.</i> | mingk |
| microcosm, <i>n.</i> | mī'krō†-koz'm (a little world) Standard gives Century's pronunciation and mik'rō†-koz'm. | minnow, <i>n.</i> | min'ō International gives min'nō†. |
| microcosmic, <i>a.</i> | mī-krō†-koz'mik (pertaining to the world) | minority, <i>n.</i> | mi-nor'i*-ti or mī-nor'i*-ti Standard, International, and Webster give the first pronunciation only. |
| micrometer, <i>n.</i> | mī-krom'e-tēr Standard and International give mī-krom'ē†-tēr or mik-rom'ē†-tēr; Webster gives mī-krom'e*-te*r. | minute, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | min'it |
| microscope, <i>n.</i> | mī'krō†-skōp Standard gives Century's pronunciation and mik'rō†-skōp. | minute, <i>a.</i> | mi-nūt' |
| microscopic, <i>a.</i> | mī-krō†-skop'ik Standard gives Century's pronunciation and mik-rō†-skop'ik. | minutia, <i>n.</i> | mi-nū'shi-ā* |
| microscopist, <i>n.</i> | mī'krō†-skō-pist | | |

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| minutiae, <i>n.</i> (plural) | mi-nū'shi-ē | misusage, <i>n.</i> | mis-ū'zāʃj |
| Standard gives Century's pronunciation and mi-nū'shi-ā. | | miter, <i>n.</i> | mī'tēr |
| | | or | |
| minx, <i>n.</i> | mingks | mitre | same |
| mirage, <i>n.</i> | mi-rāzh' | mitigatory, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mit'i-gāʃ-tōʃ-ri |
| Standard gives mē-rāzh'; International gives mēʃ-rāzh'. | | mnemonics, <i>n.</i> | nēʃ-mon'iks (art of improving memory) |
| mirror, <i>n.</i> | mir'o*r | mnemotechny, <i>n.</i> | nē'mōʃ-tek-ni (memory) |
| mirth, <i>n.</i> | mērth | mobile, <i>a.</i> | mō'bil |
| mirza, <i>n.</i> | mir'zā* or mēr'zā* | | or mob'il |
| | | Standard, International, and Webster give the first pronunciation only. | |
| misalliance, <i>n.</i> | mis-a*-li'a*ns (Anglicized form of mésalliance) | mobilization, <i>n.</i> | mō-bi-li-zā'sho*n or mob-i-li-zā'sho*n (preparation for service) |
| | | Standard gives the first pronunciation only; International and Webster give the second pronunciation only. | |
| misanthrope, <i>n.</i> | mis'a*n-thrōp (a hater of mankind) | mobilize, <i>v.</i> | mō'bi-līz or mob'i-līz |
| International gives mis'an-thrōp. | | Same variations. | |
| misanthropy, <i>n.</i> | mis-an'thrōʃ-pi | moccasin, <i>n.</i> | mok'a*-sin or mok'a*-sn |
| miscegenation, <i>n.</i> | mis-ēʃ-je-nā'sho*n (amalgamation of races) | mocha, <i>n.</i> | mō'kā* |
| | | modalism, <i>n.</i> | mō'da*l-izm |
| miscellaneous, <i>a.</i> | mis-e-lā'nēʃ-us | modality, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-dal'i*-ti |
| miscellany, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mis'e-lāʃ-ni | modern, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mod'ēr'n |
| mischance, <i>n.</i> | mis-chāns' | modest, <i>a.</i> | mod'est |
| mischievous, <i>n.</i> | mis'chif | modicum, <i>n.</i> | mod'i-kum (a small quantity) |
| mischievous, <i>a.</i> | mis'chi-vus | modish, <i>a.</i> | mō'dish |
| mischievously, <i>adv.</i> | mis'chi-vus-li | modiste, <i>n.</i> | mō-dēst' (a milliner or dressmaker) |
| International and Webster give mis'chēʃ-vus, mis'chēʃ-vus-li. | | modius, <i>n.</i> | mō'di-us (a dry measure) |
| misconstrue, <i>v.</i> | mis-kon'strō | modii, <i>n.</i> (plural) | mō'di-i |
| miscreant, <i>n.</i> | mis'krēʃ-a*nt | modulate, <i>v.</i> | mod'ūʃ-lāt ("d" is variable to "dj") |
| misfortune, <i>n.</i> | mis-fōr'tūʃn ("t" is variable to "ch") | | Standard gives moj'ū-lāt or mod'ūʃ-lāt; International gives mod'ūʃ-lāt; Webster gives mod'ū-lāt. |
| Standard gives mis-fōr'chōn or mis-fōr'tūʃn; Webster gives mis-fōr'tūn. | | | |
| misnomer, <i>n.</i> | mis-nō'mēr | | |
| misogamy, <i>n.</i> | mi-sog'a*-mi (hatred of marriage) | | |
| | | | |
| misrule, <i>n.</i> | mis-rōl' | | |
| missile, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mis'il | | |
| mistletoe, <i>n.</i> | miz'l-tō or mis'l-tō | | |
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| module, <i>n.</i> | mod'ul (a measure) | mongrel, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | munɡ'grel |
| modulus, <i>n.</i> | mod'ūʃ-lus | monitor, <i>n.</i> | mon'i-to*r |
| modus, <i>n.</i> | mō'dus (Latin, manner) | monk, <i>n.</i> | munɡk |
| Moesogoth, <i>n.</i> | mē'sō-goth (pertaining to the Goths of Moesia) | monkey, <i>n.</i> | munɡ'ki |
| | | monkish, <i>a.</i> | munɡ'kish |
| Mogul, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-gul' (a Mongolian) | monoceros, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-nos'e*-ros (any one-horned animal) |
| mohair, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | mō'hār | monocle, <i>n.</i> | mon'ōʃ-kl (a single eyeglass) |
| Mohammedan, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-ham'e-da*n | monogamist, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-nog'a*-mist (one who believes in marrying but once) |
| Mohican, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-hē'ka*n (a tribe of American Indians) | monogamous, <i>a.</i> | mōʃ-nog'a*-mus (pertaining to monogamy) |
| mohr, <i>n.</i> | mōr (African antelope) | monogamy, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-nog'a*-mi (marrying but once, or marrying but one person at a time) |
| mohur, <i>n.</i> | mō'hēr (a gold coin of India) | | |
| moiety, <i>n.</i> | moi'e-ti (a share) | monogeneous, <i>a.</i> | mon-ōʃ-jē'nēʃ-us |
| moieties, <i>n.</i> (plural) | moi'e-tiz | monogram, <i>n.</i> | mon'ōʃ-gram |
| moineau, <i>n.</i> | moi'nō (used in fortification) | monograph, <i>n.</i> | mon'ōʃ-grāf |
| | | Webster gives mon'ōʃ-graf. | |
| moiré, <i>n.</i> | mwo-rā' (French, watered silk) | monographer, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-nog'ra*fēr |
| molar, <i>a.</i> | mō'la*-ri (fitted for grinding food) | monogyny, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-noj'i-ni (marriage to one wife only) |
| | | Standard gives mo*n-oj'i-ni. | |
| molasses, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-lās'ez | monoid, <i>n.</i> | mon'oid |
| Moldavian, <i>a.</i> | mol-dā'vi-a*n (pertaining to Moldavia) | monolith, <i>n.</i> | mon'ōʃ-lith |
| | | monologist, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-nol'ōʃ-jist |
| molecular, <i>a.</i> | mōʃ-lek'ūʃ-lā*r | monologue, <i>n.</i> | mon'ōʃ-log |
| molecule, <i>n.</i> | mol'e-kul | monology, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-nol'ōʃ-ji |
| moline, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | mō'lin | monomachy, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-nom'a*-ki |
| mollient, <i>a.</i> | mol'i-e*nt | Standard and Webster give mo*-nom'a*-ki. | |
| Molokan, <i>n.</i> | mol-ōʃ-ka*n' | monomania, <i>n.</i> | mon-ōʃ-mā'ni-ā* |
| Molossian, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-los'i-a*n | monomaniac, <i>n.</i> | mon-ōʃ-mā'ni-ak |
| momentarily, <i>adv.</i> | mō'me*n-tāʃ-ri-li | monomaniacal, <i>a.</i> | mon-ōʃ-māʃ-ni'a*-ka*l |
| momentary, <i>a.</i> | mō'me*n-tāʃ-ri | monopathy, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-nop'a*-thi |
| Standard gives mō'me*n-te*ri, mō'me*n-te*ri-li. | | monopolist, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-nop'ōʃ-list |
| monad, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mon'ad | monopoly, <i>n.</i> | mōʃ-nop'ōʃ-li |
| monarchie, <i>a.</i> | mōʃ-nār'kik | monopolies, <i>n.</i> (plur.) | mōʃ-nop'ōʃ-liz |
| Standard and Webster give mo*-nār'kik. | | Beginning with monopolist Standard and Webster give "mo*n" for the first syllable. | |
| monarchist, <i>n.</i> | mon'ā*r-kist | | |
| Mongol, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | munɡ'gol | | |
| Webster gives mon'go*l. | | | |
| Mongolian, <i>a.</i> | munɡ-gō'li-a*n | | |
| International and Webster give mon-gō-li-a*n. | | | |

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| monostich, <i>n.</i> | mon'ōt-stik (an isolated verse) | Standard gives mon'tūt†; Webster gives mon'tūr. |
| monosyllabic, <i>a.</i> | mon-ōt-si-lab'ik (of one syllable) | |
| monotheism, <i>n.</i> | mon'ōt-thē-izm (belief in one God) | |
| monotheist, <i>n.</i> | mon'ōt-thē-ist (one who believes in monotheism) | |
| monothelite, <i>n.</i> | mōt-noth'e-lit (a religious sect) | International and Webster give mōt-ras'. |
| monotone, <i>n.</i> | mon'ōt-tōn | |
| monotonous, <i>a.</i> | mōt-not'ōt-nus | |
| | Standard and Webster give mo*n-ot'ōt-nus. | |
| monotriglyph, <i>n.</i> | mon-ōt-tri'glif (term used in architecture) | |
| monozoic, <i>a.</i> | mon-ōt-zō'ik (term used in zoology) | |
| monseigneur, <i>n.</i> | mōn-sā-nyér' (a French title of honor) | |
| monsieur, <i>n.</i> | mé-syé' (French, Sir or Mr.) | |
| messieurs, <i>n.</i> (plural) | me-syé' (same as English Sirs or Messrs.) | |
| monsignor, <i>n.</i> | mon-sē'nyor (a title conferred on prelates) | |
| monsoon, <i>n.</i> | mon-sōn' (winds of the Indian Ocean) | |
| monster, <i>n.</i> | mon'stér | |
| montant, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mon'ta*nt (a blow, in fencing, from below upward) | Standard and International give Century's pronunciation and mōr'fēn. |
| monte, <i>n.</i> | mon'te (gambling game of cards) | International gives mor'ōt. |
| monteith, <i>n.</i> | mon-tēth' (punch bowl of 18th century) | |
| Montenegrin, <i>a.</i> | mon-te-neg'rin (relating to Montenegro) | |
| or Montenegrine | same | Standard gives mōr'chū e*ri or mōr'tūt-e*ri; Webster gives mōrt'ū-a*-ri. |
| month, <i>n.</i> | munth | |
| montre, <i>n.</i> | mon'tér | |
| monture, <i>n.</i> | mon'tūr' ("t" is variable to "ch." A saddle horse) | |
| moor, <i>n.</i> | mōr | |
| moose, <i>n.</i> | mōs | |
| moquette, <i>n.</i> | mōt-ket' (carpet) | |
| moral, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | mor'a*l | |
| morale, <i>n.</i> | mōt-rāl' | |
| moralist, <i>n.</i> | mor'a*l-ist | |
| morass, <i>n.</i> | mōt-rās' (marsh) | |
| morbid, <i>a.</i> | mōr'bid | |
| morceau, <i>n.</i> | mōr-sō' (French, a piece) | |
| mordacious, <i>a.</i> | mōr-dā'shus (biting) | |
| mordacity, <i>n.</i> | mōr-das'i*-ti | |
| mordant, <i>a.</i> | mōr'da*nt | |
| more, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mōr | |
| morel, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mor'el (garden night-or shade) | |
| morelle | mōt-rel' | |
| Moresque, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mōt-resk' (pertaining to the Moors) | |
| morganatic, <i>a.</i> | mōr-ga*-nat'ik (marriage between a man of rank and a woman of inferior position) | |
| morigerous, <i>a.</i> | mōt-rij'e*-rus (obedient, obsequious) | |
| morose, <i>a.</i> | mōt-rōs' | |
| morphine, <i>n.</i> | mōr'fin | |
| morrow, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | mor'ō | |
| mortal, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mōr'ta*l | |
| mortar, <i>n.</i> | mōr'tā*r | |
| mortgage, <i>n.</i> | mōr'gāʃj | |
| mortuary, <i>n.</i> | mōr'tūt-āʃ-ri ("t" is variable to "ch") | |
| mosaic, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mōt-zā'ik | |
| mosaicist, <i>n.</i> | mōt-zā'i-sist | |
| Moslem, <i>n.</i> | mos'lem (a follower of Mohammed) | |

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| mosque, <i>n.</i> | mosk | Standard, International, and Webster give |
| mosquit, <i>a.</i> | mus-kē'ta*l (pertaining to mosquito) | mēr'mur. |
| moss, <i>n.</i> | mōs | murray, <i>n.</i> mur'āʃn (disease affecting cattle) |
| | International and Webster give mos. | Standard gives mur'ēʃn; International and Webster give mur'rin. |
| moth, <i>n.</i> | mōth | |
| | International and Webster give moth. | |
| Motazilite, <i>n.</i> | mōt-taz'i-lit (Mohammedan heretic) | murra, <i>n.</i> mur'ā* (oriental stone of Roman antiquity) |
| motet, <i>n.</i> | mōt-tet' (musical term) | muscat, <i>n.</i> mus'kat (a grape) |
| motility, <i>n.</i> | mōt-til'i*-ti (faculty of moving) | muscatel, <i>n.</i> mus'ka*-tel |
| | Standard gives mot'lēʃ. | muscle, <i>n.</i> mus'l |
| motley, <i>n.</i> , <i>a.</i> , and <i>v.</i> | mot'li (variegated in color) | muscular, <i>a.</i> mus'kūʃ-lā*r |
| | Standard gives mot'lēʃ. | museum, <i>n.</i> mūʃ-zē'um |
| moucharaby, <i>n.</i> | mō-shar'a*-bi (oriental style of balcony) | musicale, <i>n.</i> mū-zī-kāl' |
| mountain, <i>n.</i> | moun'tāʃn | Mussulman, <i>n.</i> mus'ul-ma*n |
| | Standard gives moun'tēʃn; International and Webster give moun'tin. | mutative, <i>a.</i> mū'tāʃ-tiv |
| mountebank, <i>n.</i> | moun'tēʃ-bangk | mutton, <i>n.</i> mut'n |
| mourn, <i>v.</i> | mōrn | myrrh, <i>n.</i> mēr |
| mouth, <i>n.</i> | mouth | myrtle, <i>n.</i> mēr'tl |
| mouth, <i>v.</i> | mouth ("th" as in "then") | nadir, <i>n.</i> nā'dér |
| Muharram, <i>n.</i> | mōt-har'a*m (a Moslem religious festival) | Webster gives nā'di*r. |
| mulet, <i>v.</i> | mulkt | naïve, <i>a.</i> nā-ēv' (French, unaffected simplicity) |
| muleteer, <i>n.</i> | mū-le-tēr' (one who drives mules) | naïvely, <i>adv.</i> nā-ēv'li |
| muley, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mū'li (a saw) | naïvete, <i>n.</i> nā-ēv-tā' |
| multifarious, <i>a.</i> | mul-ti-fā'ri-us | nankeen, <i>n.</i> nan-kēn' |
| multiflorous, <i>a.</i> | mul-ti-flō'rus (with many flowers) | or |
| multitude, <i>n.</i> | mul'ti-tūd | nankin same |
| mundane, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mun'dān (earthly) | nape, <i>n.</i> nāp (of neck) |
| mundanely, <i>adv.</i> | mun'dān-li (pertaining to the world) | napery, <i>n.</i> nā'pér-i (linen) |
| mural, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | mū'ra*l (pertaining to a wall) | Webster gives nā'pér-i. |
| muraillé, <i>v.</i> | mū-ra-lyā' (walled) | naphtha, <i>n.</i> naf'thā* |
| murky, <i>a.</i> | mēr'ki | or |
| murmur, <i>n.</i> and <i>v.</i> | mēr'mér | Standard gives the first pronunciation; Webster reverses the order. |
| | | naphthol, <i>n.</i> naf'thōl |
| | | Standard gives naf'thōl; International gives Standard's pronunciation and naph'thōl. |
| | | napoleon, <i>n.</i> nāʃ-pō'lēʃ-o*n (coin) |
| | | narcissus, <i>n.</i> nār-sis'us (flower) |
| | | narcosis, <i>n.</i> nār-kō'sis |
| | | narcotine, <i>n.</i> nār'kōʃ-tin |

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| Standard and International give Century's pronunciation and nār'kōf-tēn. | | Webster gives International's first pronunciation | |
| narghile, <i>n.</i> | nār'gi-le (an apparatus or for smoking) | nauseate, <i>v.</i> | nā'siāt ("s" is variable to "sh") |
| nargileh | same | Standard, International, and Webster give nā'shēf-āt. | |
| narrate, <i>v.</i> | na-rāt' or nar'āt | nauseous, <i>a.</i> | nā'sius ("s" is variable to "sh") |
| Standard gives the first pronunciation only. | | Standard gives nā'shius; International and Webster give nā'shus. | |
| narwhal, <i>n.</i> | nār'hwa*1 (whale) | nautch, <i>n.</i> | nâch (dance) |
| nasal, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nā'za*1 | nautic, <i>a.</i> | nâ'tik |
| Standard gives Century's pronunciation and nā'za*1. | | nautical, <i>a.</i> | nâ'ti-ka*1 |
| nascent, <i>a.</i> | nas'e*nt | nautilus, <i>n.</i> | nâ'ti-lus |
| nasturtium, <i>n.</i> | nas-tēr'shi-um | nave, <i>n.</i> | nāv |
| International gives nas-tēr'shum and Century's pronunciation; Webster gives nas-tēr'shum. | | navy, <i>n.</i> | nā'vi |
| natal, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nā'ta*1 | near, <i>a.</i> , <i>adv.</i> , and <i>prep.</i> | nēr |
| natatorium, <i>n.</i> | nā-ta*-tō'ri-um | nearly, <i>adv.</i> | nēr'li |
| Standard gives Century's pronunciation and nā-ta*-tō'ri-um; International gives nā-tā-tō'ri-um. | | nebula, <i>n.</i> | neb'ūf-lā* |
| natatory, <i>a.</i> | nā'ta*-tōf-ri | nebulae, <i>n.</i> (plural) | neb'ūf-lē |
| national, <i>a.</i> | nash'o*n-a*1 | Standard gives Century's pronunciation and neb'ūf-lā. | |
| nationalize, <i>v.</i> | nash'o*n-a*1-iz | nebular, <i>a.</i> | neb'ūf-lā*r |
| nationally, <i>adv.</i> | nash'o*n-a*1-i | necessary, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nes'e-sāf-ri |
| nativism, <i>n.</i> | nā'ti-vizm | Standard gives nes'es-e*ri and Century's pronunciation. | |
| natural, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | nat'ū*-ra*1 ("t" is variable to "ch") | necklace, <i>n.</i> | nek'lāfz |
| naturalist, <i>n.</i> | nat'ū*-ra*1-ist ("t" is variable to "ch") | Standard gives nek'les or nek'lās. | |
| naturally, <i>adv.</i> | nat'ū*-ra*1-i ("t" is variable to "ch") | necrolatry, <i>n.</i> | nek-rol'a*tri (worship of the dead) |
| naturalness, <i>n.</i> | nat'ū*-ra*1-nes ("t" is variable to "ch") | necrology, <i>n.</i> | nek-rol'ōf-ji |
| Beginning with natural, Standard gives "nach'ū" or "nat'ūf," and Webster gives "nat'ū," for the first two syllables. | | International gives nēf-krol'ōf-ji. | |
| nausea, <i>n.</i> | nā'siā* ("s" is variable to "sh") | necromancy, <i>n.</i> | nek'rōf-man-si |
| Standard gives nā'shēf-a* or nā'sha*; International gives nā'shēf-ā or nā'shā; | | necrosis, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nek-rō'sis |
| | | International gives nēf-krō'sis. | |
| | | nectarine, <i>n.</i> | nek'ta*-rin |
| | | International gives nek'tēr-in. | |
| | | nefarious, <i>a.</i> | nēf-fā'ri-us |
| | | negator, <i>n.</i> | nēf-gā'to*r |
| | | negligée, <i>n.</i> | neg-lēf-zhā' |
| | | negotiator, <i>n.</i> | nēf-gō'shi-ā-to*r |
| | | negotiatrice, <i>n.</i> | nēf-gō'shi-ā-triks |
| | | negro, <i>n.</i> | nē'grō |

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| negus, <i>n.</i> | nē'gus | newt, <i>n.</i> | nūt |
| Nehushtan, <i>n.</i> | nēf-hush'ta*n (Hebrew, a piece of brass) | nicotine, <i>n.</i> | nik'ōf-tin |
| neither, <i>a.</i> , <i>pron.</i> , and <i>conj.</i> | nē'thēr ("th" as in "then") or nī'thēr | Standard and International give Century's pronunciation and nik'ōf-tēn. | |
| Standard gives the first pronunciation only. | | nidus, <i>n.</i> | nī'dus |
| Nemean, <i>a.</i> | nē'mēf-a*n or nēf-mē'a*n | Standard gives Century's pronunciation and nē'dus. | |
| Standard reverses the order; International and Webster give the first pronunciation. | | niello, <i>n.</i> | ni-el'ō |
| Nemesic, <i>a.</i> | nēf-mes'ik | International gives ni-el'lōf. | |
| neokoros, <i>n.</i> | nēf-ok'ōf-ros | nihilism, <i>n.</i> | nī'hil-izm |
| neophyte, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nē'ōf-fit | nihilist, <i>n.</i> | nī'hil-ist |
| neoteric, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nē-ōf-ter'ik | nil desperandum | nil des-pe*-ran'dum |
| nepenthe, <i>n.</i> | nēf-pen'thē (a magic potion) | nitrate, <i>n.</i> and <i>v.</i> | nī'trāt |
| nepenthes, <i>n.</i> (plural) | nēf-pen'thēz | nitride, <i>n.</i> | nī'trid |
| Standard gives Century's pronunciation and nā-pen'thāz. | | or nī'trid | |
| nephew, <i>n.</i> | nev'ū or nef'ū | nitroglycerin, <i>n.</i> | nī-trōf-glis'e*-rin |
| Standard and International give nef'ūf or nev'ūf. | | or nitroglycerine same | |
| ne plus ultra | nē plus ul'trā* (Latin, nothing more beyond) | Nizam, <i>n.</i> | ni-zam' (a ruler in India) |
| nephritis, <i>n.</i> | nef-ri'tis (a disease of the kidneys) | noblesse, <i>n.</i> | nōf-bles' (the nobility) |
| nepotism, <i>n.</i> | nep'ōf-tizm (favoritism) | nocturne, <i>n.</i> | nok'tern |
| nerve, <i>n.</i> | nērv | nocuous, <i>a.</i> | nok'-ūf-us (hurtful) |
| neume, <i>n.</i> | nūm (a song) | nod, <i>v.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nod |
| neuralgia, <i>n.</i> | nūf-ral'jiā* | nodal, <i>a.</i> | nō'da*1 |
| International and Webster give nū-ral'ji-ā. | | nodical, <i>a.</i> | nod'i-ka*1 (pertaining to the nodes of the moon) |
| neuritis, <i>n.</i> | nūf-ri'tis (inflammation of the nerves) | nodule, <i>n.</i> | nod'ul ("d" is variable to "j") |
| neuropathy, <i>n.</i> | nūf-rop'a*-thi (disease of the nerves) | Standard and Webster do not vary "d" to "j". | |
| International gives nūf-rop'a-thi. | | nodus, <i>n.</i> | nō'dus (Latin, a knot) |
| new, <i>a.</i> | nū | noisome, <i>a.</i> | nōi'sum |
| news, <i>n.</i> | nūz | nolle prosequi | nol'e pros'e-kwī (not to prosecute) |
| | | nomadic, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nōf-mad'ik |
| | | nomad, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nom'ad |
| | | nomenclature, <i>n.</i> | nō'men-klā-tū*r ("t" is variable to "ch") |
| | | Standard gives nō'men-klā-chūr or nō'men-klā-tū*r; Webster gives nō'men-klā-tūr. | |
| | | nomic, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nom'ik (customary) |
| | | nominator, <i>n.</i> | nom'i-nā-to*r |

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| nonce, <i>adv.</i> | nons | oaken, <i>a.</i> | ō'kn |
| nonchalance, <i>n.</i> | non'sha*-la*ns (indifference) | oar, <i>n.</i> | ōr |
| | or | oasis, <i>n.</i> | ō†-ā'sis |
| | noni-sha-lois' (French pronunciation) | oases, <i>n.</i> (plural) | ō†-ā'sēz |
| nonchalant, <i>a.</i> | non'sha*-la*nt (indifferent) | | Standard, International, and Webster give |
| | or | | ō'a*-sis, ō'a*-sēz, and Century's pronun- |
| | noni-sha-loi' (French pronunciation) | oath, <i>n.</i> | ōth |
| nonchalantly, <i>adv.</i> | non'sha*-la*nt-li (indifferently) | oaths, <i>n.</i> (plural) | ōths ("th" as in "then") |
| non compos mentis | non kom'pos men'tis (not of sound mind) | obconic, <i>a.</i> | ob-kon'ik (conical) |
| none, <i>a.</i> and <i>pron.</i> | nun | obduracy, <i>n.</i> | ob'dū†-rā†-si |
| nones, <i>n.</i> (plural) | nōnz | | or |
| nonpareil, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | non-pa-rel' (unequaled) | | ob-dū'ra*-si |
| nonplus, <i>n.</i> and <i>v.</i> | non'plus (perplexity) | | Standard and International give the first |
| nontenure, <i>n.</i> | non-ten'ū*r | obdurate, <i>a.</i> | ob'dū†-rā†t |
| noögenism, <i>n.</i> | nō†-oj'e-nizm | | or |
| noose, <i>n.</i> | nōs | | ob†-dū'rā†t |
| | International and Webster give nōz or nōs. | | Standard gives ob'dū†-ret or ob-dū'rā†t; |
| | | | International gives Century's first pro- |
| | | | nunciation. |
| nor, <i>conj.</i> | nōr | obdurate, <i>v.</i> | ob'dū†-rāt |
| norma, <i>n.</i> | nōr'mā* | obdurately, <i>adv.</i> | ob'dū†-rā†t-li |
| Norse, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nōrs | obdurateness, <i>n.</i> | ob'dū†-rā†t-nes |
| north, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | nōrth | | Webster gives Century's pronunciations |
| Norwegian, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | nōr-wē'jia*n | | and ob-dū'rāt, ob-dū'rā†t-li, ob-dū'rā†t- |
| nostrum, <i>n.</i> | nos'trum (quack medicine) | | nes. |
| not, <i>adv.</i> | not | obdurate, <i>n.</i> | ob-dū†-rā'sho*n |
| nota bene | nō'tā* bē'nē (Latin, note well) | obedient, <i>a.</i> | ō†-bē'di-e*nt |
| | | obediential, <i>a.</i> | ō†-bē-di-en'sha*† |
| | | obediently, <i>adv.</i> | ō†-bē'di-e*nt-li |
| nothing, <i>n.</i> and <i>adv.</i> | nuth'ing | obeisance, <i>n.</i> | ō†-bā'sa*ns |
| nourish, <i>v.</i> | nur'ish | | or |
| nouveau riche | nō-vō' rēsh | | ō†-bē'sa*ns |
| nowhere, <i>adv.</i> | nō'hwār | | Standard, International, and Webster re- |
| nucha, <i>n.</i> | nū'kā* | | verse the order. |
| nuchae, <i>n.</i> (plural) | nū'kē | obelisk, <i>n.</i> | ob'e-lisk |
| nucleus, <i>n.</i> | nū'klē†-us | obelus, <i>n.</i> | ob'e-lus (a mark used in printing) |
| nuclei, <i>n.</i> (plural) | nū'klē†-ī | | |
| nude, <i>a.</i> | nūd | obese, <i>a.</i> | ō†-bēs' |
| nuisance, <i>n.</i> | nū'sa*ns | obeseness, <i>n.</i> | ō†-bēs'nes |
| numerator, <i>n.</i> | nū'me*-rā-to*r | obesity, <i>n.</i> | ō†-bes'i*-ti |
| nuncio, <i>n.</i> | nun'shi-ō | obi, <i>n.</i> | ō'bi (a Japanese sash) |
| nuptial, <i>n.</i> and <i>a.</i> | nup'sha*† | | |

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| obit, <i>n.</i> | ō'bit (pertaining to or death) | Standard gives ob'long and Century's pronunciation; International and Webster give Standard's first pronunciation. |
| | ob'it | |
| | Standard gives the first pronunciation only. | obloquy, <i>n.</i> |
| obiter, <i>adv.</i> | ob'i-tēr (Latin, by the way) | ob'lo†-kwi (defamatory language) |
| obituary, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | ō†-bit'ū†-ā†-ri ("t" is variable to "ch.") | obnoxious, <i>a.</i> |
| | Standard gives ō†-bich'ū-e*-ri or ō†-bit'ū†-e*-ri; Webster gives ō†-bit'ū-a*-ri. | ō*b-nok'shus |
| object, <i>n.</i> | ob'jekt | International gives ob-nok'shus. |
| object, <i>v.</i> | ō*b-jekt' | oboe, <i>n.</i> |
| objection, <i>n.</i> | ō*b-jek'sho*n | ō'bō†-e (a musical instrument) |
| objective, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | ō*b-jek'tiv | obole, <i>n.</i> |
| objure, <i>v.</i> | ō*b-jör' (rare; means to swear) | obolus, <i>n.</i> |
| | | obryzum, <i>n.</i> |
| objurgate, <i>v.</i> | ō*b-jēr'gāt (to chide) | obscene, <i>a.</i> |
| objurgatory, <i>a.</i> | ō*b-jēr'gāt-tō†-ri | obscenity, <i>n.</i> |
| | Beginning with object, <i>v.</i> , International gives "ob," for the first syllable. | obsequious, <i>a.</i> |
| oblate, <i>v.</i> | ob-lāt' (to offer, present, propose) | ō*b-sē'kwi-us |
| obligate, <i>v.</i> | ob'li-gāt | Beginning with obscene, International gives "ob" for the first syllable. |
| obligato, <i>n.</i> | ob-li-gā'tō† | obsequy, <i>n.</i> |
| | or | obsequies, <i>n.</i> (plural) |
| obligato | same | ob'sē†-kwiz |
| obligatory, <i>a.</i> | ob'li-gā†-tō†-ri | observe, <i>v.</i> |
| | Standard gives Century's pronunciation and ob-lig'a*-tō†-ri. | ō*b-zērv' |
| obligatum, <i>n.</i> | ob-li-gā'tum (an obligation) | International gives ob-zērv'. |
| | Standard gives Century's pronunciation and ob-li-gā'tum. | obsoletely, <i>adv.</i> |
| obligee, <i>n.</i> | ob-li-jē' (one placed under obligation) | ob'sō†-lēt-li |
| obligor, <i>n.</i> | ob'li-gōr (one who gives bonds for another) | obstinacy, <i>n.</i> |
| oblique, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | ō*b-lēk' | ob'sti-nā†-si |
| | or | ob'sti-nā†t-li |
| | ō*b-lik' | obstreperous, <i>a.</i> |
| | International gives ob-lēk' or ob-lik'. | ob'strep'e*-rus (noisy) |
| obliquity, <i>n.</i> | ob-lik'wi*-ti | obtrude, <i>v.</i> |
| oblong, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> | ob'lóng | ob'trusion, <i>n.</i> |
| | | ob'tuse, <i>a.</i> |
| | | obtusely, <i>adv.</i> |
| | | ō*b-tūs' |
| | | ō*b-tūs'li |
| | | Beginning with obtrude, International gives "ob" for the first syllable. |
| | | occult, <i>a.</i> |
| | | occultist, <i>n.</i> |
| | | occur, <i>v.</i> |
| | | ō-kult' |
| | | ō-kul'tist |
| | | ō*kēr' |
| | | International gives ok-kēr'. |
| | | ocean, <i>n.</i> |
| | | oceanic, <i>a.</i> |
| | | octave, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> |
| | | octavo, <i>a.</i> and <i>n.</i> |
| | | Standard gives Century's pronunciation and ok-tā'vō. |
| | | octroi, <i>n.</i> |
| | | odd, <i>a.</i> |
| | | odeum, <i>n.</i> |
| | | ok-trwo' |
| | | od |
| | | ō†-dē'um |

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| of, <i>prep.</i> | ov | opportune, <i>a.</i> | op-o*r-tūn' |
| off, <i>adv. and prep.</i> | ōf | | International gives op-por-tūn'. |
| offend, <i>v.</i> | o*-fend' | optime, <i>n.</i> | op'ti-mē |
| offertory, <i>n.</i> | of'er-tō†-ri | opus, <i>n.</i> | ō'pus (a work) |
| office, <i>n.</i> | of'is | or, <i>adv., prep., conj.</i> | ōr |
| official, <i>a.</i> | o*-fish'a*†l | oral, <i>a.</i> | ō'ra*†l |
| officiary, <i>n.</i> | o*-fish'i-ā†-ri | orange, <i>n.</i> | or'ā†nj |
| officious, <i>a.</i> | o*-fish'us | | Standard gives or'ē†nj; International and Webster give or'enj. |
| | Beginning with official, International gives the first letter "o." | orator, <i>n.</i> | or'ā†-to*r |
| oft, <i>adv. and a.</i> | ōft | oratorio, <i>n.</i> | or-ā†-tō'ri-ō |
| | Standard gives Century's pronunciation and oft; International and Webster give oft. | oratory, <i>n.</i> | or'ā†-tō†-ri |
| often, <i>adv.</i> | ōfn | orchestra, <i>n.</i> | ōr'kes-trā* |
| | Same variations. | | International gives ōr'kes-trā; Webster gives ōr'kes-trā or ōr-kes'trā. |
| oleomargarin, <i>n.</i> | ō-lē†-ō†-mār'ga*-rin (artificial butter) | orchid, <i>n.</i> | ōr'kid (flower) |
| or | | organ, <i>n.</i> | ōr'ga*n |
| oleomargarine | same | orgy, <i>n.</i> | ōr'ji |
| | International gives Century's pronunciation and ō-lē†-ō†-mār'gā-rēn. | orgies, <i>n. (plural)</i> | ōr'jiz |
| olfactory, <i>a.</i> | ol-fak'tō†-ri (pertaining to the sense of smell) | orient, <i>n.</i> | ō'ri-ent |
| omelet, <i>n.</i> | om'e*-let | originative, <i>a.</i> | ō†-rij'i-nā†-tiv |
| | International and Webster give Century's pronunciation and om'let. | oriole, <i>n.</i> | ō'ri-ōl (bird) |
| omniscience, <i>n.</i> | om-nish'e*ns | orison, <i>n.</i> | or'i-zo*n (prayer) |
| on, <i>prep.</i> | on | orphan, <i>n.</i> | ōr'fa*n |
| only, <i>adv.</i> | ōn'li | orthodox, <i>a.</i> | ōr'thō†-doks |
| onyx, <i>n.</i> | on'iks | orthoepist, <i>n.</i> | ōr'thō†-e-pist |
| | Standard and International give ō'niks and Century's pronunciation; Webster gives ō'niks. | orthoepy, <i>n.</i> | ōr'thō†-e-pi (correct pronunciation) |
| oölite, <i>n.</i> | ō'ō†-lit (a variety of limestone) | orthography, <i>n.</i> | ōr-thog'ra*-fi (correct spelling) |
| ophicleide, <i>n.</i> | of'i-klid (a musical instrument) | osier, <i>n.</i> | ō'zhēr (a kind of willow) |
| ophites, <i>n.</i> | ō†-fi'tēz (pertaining to serpents) | oust, <i>v.</i> | oust |
| opine, <i>v.</i> | ō†-pin' (to have an opinion) | outré, <i>a.</i> | ō-trā' (French, beyond) |
| opinionated, <i>a.</i> | ō†-pin'yo*n-ā-ted | ovule, <i>n.</i> | ō'vūl |
| opponent, <i>n.</i> | o*-pō'ne*nt | | International gives ō'vū†l. |
| | International gives op-pō'ne*nt. | xid, <i>n.</i> | ok'sid |
| | | or | or |
| | | oxide | ok'sid |
| | | oyer, <i>n.</i> | ō'yēr (law term, a hearing) |
| | | paeon, <i>n.</i> | pē'an (a song of triumph) |
| | | | Standard gives pē'a*n or pā'a*n; International and Webster give pē'a*n. |

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| pageant, <i>n.</i> | paj'a*nt or pā'ja*nt | papyrus, <i>n.</i> | pā†-pī'rus |
| | Standard gives the first pronunciation only. | papyri, <i>n. (plural)</i> | pā†-pī'ri |
| pagoda, <i>n.</i> | pa-gō'dä* (a house of idols) | | Standard gives Century's pronunciations and pā†-pē'rus, sing., pā†-pē'rē, plur. |
| paillasse, <i>n.</i> | pa-lyas' (French, a bed of straw) | parabola, <i>n.</i> | pa-rab'ō†-lä* (a kind of curve) |
| pajamas, <i>n.</i> | pa-jā'mā*z | parachute, <i>n.</i> | par'a*-shōt. |
| palabra, <i>n.</i> | pa-lā'brā* | Paraclete, <i>n.</i> | par'a*-klēt (a term applied to the Holy Spirit) |
| paladin, <i>n.</i> | pal'a*-din (a knight errant) | paradise, <i>n.</i> | par'a*-dis |
| palanquin, <i>n.</i> | pal-a*n-kēn' (an enclosed carriage) | parage, <i>n.</i> | pār'ā†j (equality of condition) |
| or | | paragon, <i>n.</i> | par'a*-gon (model of excellence) |
| palankeen | same | paragraph, <i>n.</i> | par'a*-grāf |
| palatal, <i>a.</i> | pal'ā†-ta*†l (pertaining to the palate) | paramour, <i>n.</i> | par'a*-mōr |
| palatial, <i>a.</i> | pā†-lā'sha*†l (pertaining to a palace) | pardon, <i>v.</i> | pār'do*n or pār'dn |
| palfrey, <i>n.</i> | pāl'fri | | Standard reverses the order; International and Webster give Century's second pronunciation. |
| Palladium, <i>n.</i> | pa-lā'di-um (a statue of the goddess Pallas) | parent, <i>n.</i> | pār'ent |
| palliative, <i>n.</i> | pal'i-ā†-tiv | | International gives Century's pronunciation and pār'e*nt. |
| panacea, <i>n.</i> | pan-a*-sē'ä* | parhelion, <i>n.</i> | pār-hē'li-on |
| | Standard gives Century's pronunciation and pan-a*-sā'a*. | | International gives pār-hēl'yun and Century's pronunciation; Webster reverses International's pronunciations. |
| panegyric, <i>n.</i> | pan-ē†-jir'ik (oration) | pariah, <i>n.</i> | pā'ri-ä* (an outcast) |
| panegyrist, <i>n.</i> | pan'ē†-jir-ist | | Standard gives Century's pronunciation and pā'ri-a*; International gives pā'ri-ä; Webster reverses Standard's pronunciations. |
| panegyryze, <i>v.</i> | pan'ē†-ji-riz | Parian, <i>n.</i> | pā'ri-a*n |
| panorama, <i>n.</i> | pan-ō†-rā'mā* | | Standard gives Century's pronunciation and pā'ri-a*n. |
| | International and Webster give pan-ō†-rā'mā or pan-ō†-rā'mā. | parliament, <i>n.</i> | pār'li*-me*nt |
| Pantheon, <i>n.</i> | pan'thē†-o*n (temple at Rome) | parliamentary, <i>a.</i> | pār-li*-men'ta*-ri |
| pantomime, <i>n.</i> | pan'tō†-mim (sign-language) | parochial, <i>a.</i> | pā†-rō'ki-a*†l |
| papa, <i>n.</i> | pa*-pā' or pā'pā* | parquet, <i>n. and a.</i> | pār-ke† (lower floor of a theater) |
| | Webster gives the first pronunciation only. | | |
| papacy, <i>n.</i> | pā'pā†-si | | |
| papier mâché, <i>n.</i> | pap-iā' mā-shā' (hard substance made from paper) | | |

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